

Democratic Services

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Date: 6 November 2012

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To: All Members of the Avon Pension Fund Committee - Investment Panel

Councillor Charles Gerrish (Chair), Councillor Gabriel Batt, Councillor Nicholas Coombes,
Councillor Mary Blatchford, Bill Marshall and Ann Berresford

Chief Executive and other appropriate officers
Press and Public

Dear Member

Avon Pension Fund Committee - Investment Panel: Wednesday, 14th November, 2012

You are invited to attend a meeting of the **Avon Pension Fund Committee - Investment Panel**, to be held on **Wednesday, 14th November, 2012 at 9.30 am** in the **Alkmaar Room - Guildhall, Bath**.

The agenda is set out overleaf.

Yours sincerely



Ann Swabey
for Chief Executive

If you need to access this agenda or any of the supporting reports in an alternative accessible format please contact Democratic Services or the relevant report author whose details are listed at the end of each report.

This Agenda and all accompanying reports are printed on recycled paper

NOTES:

- 1. Inspection of Papers:** Any person wishing to inspect minutes, reports, or a list of the background papers relating to any item on this Agenda should contact Ann Swabey who is available by telephoning Bath 01225 394416 or by calling at the Riverside Offices Keynsham (during normal office hours).
- 2. Public Speaking at Meetings:** The Council has a scheme to encourage the public to make their views known at meetings. They may make a statement relevant to what the meeting has power to do. They may also present a petition or a deputation on behalf of a group. Advance notice is required not less than two full working days before the meeting (this means that for meetings held on Wednesdays notice must be received in Democratic Services by 4.30pm the previous Friday)

The public may also ask a question to which a written answer will be given. Questions must be submitted in writing to Democratic Services at least two full working days in advance of the meeting (this means that for meetings held on Wednesdays, notice must be received in Democratic Services by 4.30pm the previous Friday). If an answer cannot be prepared in time for the meeting it will be sent out within five days afterwards. Further details of the scheme can be obtained by contacting Ann Swabey as above.

- 3. Details of Decisions taken at this meeting** can be found in the minutes which will be published as soon as possible after the meeting, and also circulated with the agenda for the next meeting. In the meantime details can be obtained by contacting Ann Swabey as above.

Appendices to reports are available for inspection as follows:-

Public Access points - Riverside - Keynsham, Guildhall - Bath, Hollies - Midsomer Norton, and Bath Central, Keynsham and Midsomer Norton public libraries.

For Councillors and Officers papers may be inspected via Political Group Research Assistants and Group Rooms/Members' Rooms.

- 4. Attendance Register:** Members should sign the Register which will be circulated at the meeting.
- 5. THE APPENDED SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS ARE IDENTIFIED BY AGENDA ITEM NUMBER.**
- 6. Emergency Evacuation Procedure**

When the continuous alarm sounds, you must evacuate the building by one of the designated exits and proceed to the named assembly point. The designated exits are sign-posted.

Arrangements are in place for the safe evacuation of disabled people.

Avon Pension Fund Committee - Investment Panel - Wednesday, 14th November, 2012

at 9.30 am in the Alkmaar Room - Guildhall, Bath

A G E N D A

1. EMERGENCY EVACUATION PROCEDURE

The Chair will draw attention to the emergency evacuation procedure as set out under Note 9.

2. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

At this point in the meeting declarations of interest are received from Members in any of the agenda items under consideration at the meeting. Members are asked to indicate:

(a) The agenda item number in which they have an interest to declare.

(b) The nature of their interest.

(c) Whether their interest is **a disclosable pecuniary interest** *or* an **other interest**, (as defined in Part 2, A and B of the Code of Conduct and Rules for Registration of Interests)

Any Member who needs to clarify any matters relating to the declaration of interests is recommended to seek advice from the Council's Monitoring Officer before the meeting to expedite dealing with the item during the meeting.

3. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE AND SUBSTITUTIONS

To receive any declarations from Members of the Committee and Officers of personal/prejudicial interests in respect of matters for consideration at this meeting, together with their statements on the nature of any such interest declared.

4. TO ANNOUNCE ANY URGENT BUSINESS AGREED BY THE CHAIR

5. ITEMS FROM THE PUBLIC - TO RECEIVE DEPUTATIONS, STATEMENTS, PETITIONS OR QUESTIONS

6. ITEMS FROM COUNCILLORS AND CO-OPTED AND ADDED MEMBERS

To deal with any petitions or questions from Councillors and, where appropriate, co-opted and added members.

7. MINUTES: 5TH SEPTEMBER 2012 (Pages 5 - 8)

8. REVIEW OF INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE FOR PERIODS ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 2012 (Pages 9 - 58)

9. WORKPLAN (Pages 59 - 62)

The Committee Administrator for this meeting is Ann Swabey who can be contacted on 01225 394416.

AVON PENSION FUND COMMITTEE - INVESTMENT PANEL

Minutes of the Meeting held

Wednesday 5th September, 2012, 9.30 am

Members: Councillor Charles Gerrish (Chair), Councillor Gabriel Batt, Councillor Nicholas Coombes, Councillor Mary Blatchford and Ann Berresford

Advisors:

Observer: Roger Broughton

Also in attendance: Tony Bartlett (Head of Business, Finance and Pensions), Liz Woodyard (Investments Manager) and Matthew Betts (Assistant Investments Manager) and John Finch (JLT Investment Consultancy)

11 EMERGENCY EVACUATION PROCEDURE

The Democratic Services Officer read out the procedure.

12 DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

There were none.

13 APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE AND SUBSTITUTIONS

Apologies were received from Tony Earnshaw.

14 TO ANNOUNCE ANY URGENT BUSINESS AGREED BY THE CHAIR

There was none.

15 ITEMS FROM THE PUBLIC - TO RECEIVE DEPUTATIONS, STATEMENTS, PETITIONS OR QUESTIONS

There were none.

16 ITEMS FROM COUNCILLORS AND CO-OPTED AND ADDED MEMBERS

There were none.

17 MINUTES: 17 MAY 2012

The minutes for the meeting of the 17th May 2012 were approved as a correct record and signed by the Chair.

18 REVIEW OF INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE FOR PERIODS ENDING 30 JUNE 2012

The Assistant Investments Manager highlighted the following issues:

- During the quarter the tactical allocation within the bond portfolio was reversed. In August the spread between gilts and corporate bonds reached the pre-determined trigger point (spread between gilt and corporate bond yields narrows to 120 basis points) for the tactical position to be reversed. Officers subsequently arranged the sale of £80m of corporate bonds to unwind the tactical allocation. Having consulted the Investment Consultant, the proceeds were not re-invested into gilts given that gilt yields were (even) lower than when the tactical position was established and the asset allocation between equities and bonds was nearing the lower band of the rebalancing range. Their advice was to invest the proceeds in global equities (to effect rebalancing policy discussed in section 7). After transaction costs, the tactical allocation benefitted the Fund by £2.4m when compared to the outcome had the monies remained invested in gilts over the period.
- MAN remains under close review as they restructure the portfolio after a period of disappointing performance.
- The Schroder global equity mandate has underperformed over 12 months. Because of the unconstrained nature of the mandate, performance relative to benchmark is expected to be volatile over the short term. Schroder continue to adhere to the approach and philosophy outlined during the tender process. Schroder will be invited to the Panel meeting to be held in 1Q13.

Mr Finch commented that it had been a difficult quarter / last 12 months given the equity markets, recession and austerity measures. He then referred to page 8 of the JLT report (Appendix 2) to highlight the issues in relation to the asset allocation and liability split.

He informed them that based on financial market values, investment returns and cashflows into the Fund, the estimated funding level had slightly decreased over the second quarter of 2012, all else being equal. This was driven by:

- The fall in the reference yield (-0.3%) used to place a value on the liabilities, is expected, all else being equal, to have led to an increase in their value.
- The Fund assets producing a negative absolute return.

A Member asked why there had been better results in Quarter 1 of 2012.

Mr Finch replied that it was due to bond yields going up and inflation going down. He added that yields were currently drifting and believed there would be no significant rise in them over the next 3 – 5 years.

A Member asked what impact the new scheme would have on the next valuation.

The Investments Manager anticipated that there would be some savings made, but that they would be smaller than initially thought as accrued benefits will be protected.

Mr Finch referred to page 16 of the JLT report to show that in aggregate, the managers underperformed the customised benchmark over the quarter and year. He added that six of the Managers / Funds had not met their three year performance targets.

A Member commented that Schroder's performance had been poor over the short time they have been managing the portfolio.

The Investments Manager advised that the Panel was due to meet with Schroder in the New Year.

A Member asked if Man were actively changing the way in which they manage the portfolio.

The Head of Business, Finance and Pensions replied that they are currently restructuring the portfolio and that the next quarter would be key for them.

A Member commented that currency management had detracted from the performance in the first quarter.

The Investments Manager replied that it would detract when the currency moves in the Fund's favour but there are still hedges in place. The programme is designed to protect the Fund against adverse currency movements.

Mr Finch commented that one manager, Genesis was performing better than expected in the current climate.

The Investment Panel **RESOLVED:**

- (i) To note the information as set out in the report.

19 PANEL WORKPLAN

The Investments Manager introduced this item to the Panel. She confirmed that the Panel were due to meet with TT and Partners in November then Schroder and Man in quarter one of 2013.

The Chairman on behalf of the Panel thanked her for this update.

The meeting ended at 10.20 am

Chair(person)

Date Confirmed and Signed

Prepared by Democratic Services

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| Bath & North East Somerset Council | | |
|---|---|-----------------------------|
| MEETING: | AVON PENSION FUND INVESTMENT PANEL | |
| MEETING DATE: | 14 NOVEMBER 2012 | AGENDA ITEM NUMBER 8 |
| TITLE: | Review Of Investment Performance For Periods Ending 30 Sept 2012 | |
| WARD: | ALL | |
| AN OPEN PUBLIC ITEM | | |
| <p>List of attachments to this report: Appendix 1 – Fund Valuation Appendix 2 – JLT performance monitoring report (shortened version)</p> | | |

1 THE ISSUE

- 1.1 This paper reports on the performance of the Fund's investment managers and seeks to update the Panel on routine aspects of the Fund's investments. This report contains performance statistics for periods ending 30 September 2012.
- 1.2 Due to the timing of the Panel meeting the performance data and analysis at the aggregate Fund level was unavailable. The full performance report with aggregate benchmark data, investment strategy and funding level analysis will be reported to the Committee meeting on 14 December 2012.

2 RECOMMENDATION

That the Investment Panel:

- 2.1 Notes the information as set out in the report.**
- 2.2 Identifies issues to be notified to the Committee.**

3 FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

3.1 The returns achieved by the Fund for the three years commencing 1 April 2010 will impact the next triennial valuation which will be calculated as at 31 March 2013.

4 INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

A – Fund Performance

4.1 It is estimated that the Fund's assets increased by £91m (+3.4%) in the quarter, giving a value for the investment Fund of £2,792m at 30 September 2012. Appendix 1 provides a breakdown of the Fund valuation and allocation of monies by asset class and managers.

4.2 Most asset classes posted positive returns during the quarter and 12 month returns were very strong as the negative returns generated in 3Q11 fell out of the figures.

4.3 The Fund's investment return and performance relative to benchmarks is unavailable at the time of publishing. Full performance data will be reported to the Pensions Committee on 14 December 2012.

B – Investment Manager Performance

4.4 A detailed report on the performance of each investment manager has been produced by JLT – see pages 10 to 35 of Appendix 2.

4.5 TT's performance has improved since changes were made to the team and approach and whilst still short of their 3 year performance target, their 3 year performance measure has improved, and their 1 year performance is ahead of target.

4.6 MAN remains under close review by officers as they restructure the portfolio after a period of disappointing performance.

4.7 The Schroder global equity mandate has underperformed over 12 months but has shown a small improvement this quarter. Because of the unconstrained nature of the mandate, performance relative to benchmark is expected to be volatile on a quarterly basis. Schroder continue to adhere to the approach and philosophy outlined during the tender process. Schroder are presenting to the Panel meeting to be held in 1Q13.

4.8 Invesco's outperformance this quarter, which is exceptional for an enhanced index fund, is largely explained by the timing issue (Invesco measure performance at midday whereas the benchmark measures performance at the end of the day) and it offsets the underperformance reported for 2Q12.

4.9 Genesis, RLAM, Invesco and Jupiter have all significantly outperformed their 3 year performance targets.

4.10 As part of the 'Meet the Managers' programme, the Panel are to meet with TT and Partners Group on 14 November 2012.

5 INVESTMENT STRATEGY AND PORTFOLIO REBALANCING

5.1 There was no change to the investment strategy other than the reversal of the tactical bond switch which was reported to the Panel and Committee at the September meetings.

5.2 In August the Equity: Bond allocation (72:28) was rebalanced in conjunction with the reversal of the tactical switch. Following this and subsequent market movements the Equity: Bond allocation is 76:24 as at 31 Oct 2012.

6 RISK MANAGEMENT

6.1 The Avon Pension Fund Committee is the formal decision-making body for the Fund. As such it has responsibility to ensure adequate risk management processes are in place. A key risk to the Fund is that the investments fail to generate the returns required to meet the Fund’s future liabilities. This risk is managed via the Asset Liability Study which determines the appropriate risk adjusted return profile (or strategic benchmark) for the Fund and through the selection process followed before managers are appointed. This report monitors the performance of the investment managers. The Investment Panel has been established to consider in greater detail investment performance and related matters and report back to the Committee on a regular basis.

7 EQUALITIES

7.1 An equalities impact assessment is not necessary as the report is primarily for information only.

8 CONSULTATION

8.1 This report is primarily for information and therefore consultation is not necessary.

9 ISSUES TO CONSIDER IN REACHING THE DECISION

9.1 The issues to consider are contained in the report.

10 ADVICE SOUGHT

10.1 The Council’s Monitoring Officer (Divisional Director – Legal & Democratic Services) and Section 151 Officer (Divisional Director - Finance) have had the opportunity to input to this report and have cleared it for publication.

| | |
|--|---|
| Contact person | Matt Betts, Assistant Investments Manager (Tel: 01225 395420) |
| Background papers | Data supplied by The WM Company |
| Please contact the report author if you need to access this report in an alternative format | |

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AVON PENSION FUND VALUATION – 30 SEPTEMBER 2012

| | Passive Multi-Asset | | Active Equities | | | | Enhanced Indexation | | Active Bonds | Funds of Hedge Funds | Property | In House Cash/ | TOTAL | Avon Asset Mix % |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------|------------------|
| | Black-Rock | Black-Rock 2* | TT Int'l | Jupiter (SRI) | Genesis | Schroder Global | Invesco | State Street | Royal London | | Schroder & Partners | Includes Currency Hedging | | |
| All figures in £m | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EQUITIES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| UK | 275.0 | 15.7 | 136.2 | 114.5 | | 12.1 | | | | | | | 553.5 | 19.8% |
| North America | 139.2 | 9.4 | | | | 82.9 | | | | | | | 231.5 | 8.3% |
| Europe | 114.2 | | | | | 25.0 | | 28.8 | | | | | 168.0 | 6.0% |
| Japan | 32.4 | | | | | 16.6 | | 25.6 | | | | | 74.6 | 2.7% |
| Pacific Rim | 48.3 | | | | | 14.8 | | 30.5 | | | | | 93.6 | 3.4% |
| Emerging Markets | | | | | 141.0 | 16.9 | | | | | | | 157.9 | 5.7% |
| Global ex-UK | | | | | | | 185.0 | | | | | | 185.0 | 6.6% |
| Global inc-UK | 264.2 | | | | | | | | | | 7.1 | | 271.3 | 9.7% |
| Total Overseas | 598.3 | 9.4 | | | 141.0 | 156.2 | 185.0 | 84.9 | | | 7.1 | | 1181.9 | 42.3% |
| Total Equities | 873.3 | 25.1 | 136.2 | 114.5 | 141.0 | 168.3 | 185.0 | 84.9 | | | 7.1 | | 1735.4 | 62.1% |
| BONDS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Index Linked Gilts | 185.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | 185.4 | 6.6% |
| Conventional Gilts | 112.6 | 25.0 | | | | | | | | | | | 137.6 | 4.9% |
| Sterling Corporate | 14.7 | | | | | | | | 166.1 | | | | 180.8 | 6.5% |
| Overseas Bonds | 80.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | 80.2 | 2.9% |
| Total Bonds | 392.9 | 25.0 | | | | | | | 166.1 | | | | 584.0 | 20.9% |
| Hedge Funds | | | | | | | | | | 213.0 | | | 213.0 | 7.6% |
| Property | | | | | | | | | | | 207.0 | | 207.0 | 7.4% |
| Cash | 5.0 | 16.0 | 1.7 | 7.3 | | 2.7 | | | | | 3.7 | 17.2 | 53.6 | 1.9% |
| TOTAL | 1271.2 | 66.1 | 137.9 | 121.8 | 141.0 | 171.0 | 185.0 | 84.9 | 166.1 | 213.0 | 210.7 | 24.3 | 2793.0 | 100.0% |

- N.B. (i) Valued at BID (where appropriate)
(ii) In-house cash = short term deposits at NatWest managed on our behalf by B&NES plus general cash held at Custodian
(iii) BlackRock 2 * = represents the assets to be invested in property, temporarily managed by BlackRock

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Review for period to 30 September 2012

Avon Pension Fund



JLT INVESTMENT CONSULTING

Section One – Executive Summary

- This report is produced by JLT Investment Consulting ("JLT") to assess the performance and risks of the investment managers of the Avon Pension Fund (the "Fund"), and of the Fund as a whole.
- This version of the report has been prepared for the Investment Panel, based on initial WM data. A full version of this report will be reported to the full Committee meeting once the final WM data has been received. In particular, the initial WM data does not include 1-year returns so these are approximated based on the last four quarters.

Fund Performance

- The value of the Fund's assets increased by £91m over the third quarter of 2012 to £2,792m.

Strategy

- Equity markets generally produced strong returns, with most regions returning around 4-6% over the quarter and producing double-digit returns over the last 12 months. The exception was Japanese equities, which fell over the quarter and year. However, due to the very strong returns of Q3 2009 falling out of the analysis, the 3 year benchmark equity returns have fallen to slightly below the assumed strategic returns.
- Bond returns have been high over the last three years and ahead of the strategic return. This was a result of falling bond yields, although only corporate bond yields continued to fall over the most recent quarter. Low yields potentially limits the return over the next few years.
- Overseas Fixed Interest and hedge funds performed below the assumed strategic return.
- Whilst the 3 year property return was ahead of the strategic return, the bulk of the performance came from the year 2009-2010 (22.6%), with returns over the most recent year being a more modest 3.5%.

Managers

- In line with general market returns, all managers have produced positive returns over the last quarter.
- Each manager has performed in line with or exceeded their benchmark over the last quarter, with the exception of SSgA Europe enhanced indexation (underperformed by 0.1%) and Blackrock Property (by 0.2%).
- The four fund-of-hedge fund managers and TT International have not met their 3-years target performance. TT's performance has improved over recent quarters and the Panel are meeting TT on November 14.
- The number of funds in which Man invests has continued to reduce, and now stands at 54. This quarter, they have outperformed their benchmark by 0.2% but their 3 year return remains negative. The Panel are meeting Man in February 2013.
- There have been no significant concerns raised with any of the Fund's managers.

Key points for consideration

- The fund has unwound a tactical switch from December 2011 over the last quarter, resulting in an asset allocation closer to the strategic benchmark. Further tactical switches could be considered.
- The performance of Man should continue to be closely monitored as the changes are completed to the portfolio to reduce the number of underlying managers, increase the use of managed accounts and amend the allocation to underlying strategies.

Avon Pension Fund

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Section Two – Market Background

This update covers the three months, and 12 months to the end of September 2012.

| Yields as at 30 September 2012 | % p.a. |
|--------------------------------|--------|
| UK Equities | 3.6 |
| UK Gilts (>15 yrs) | 2.9 |
| Real Yield (>5 yrs ILG) | 0.1 |
| Corporate Bonds (>15 yrs AA) | 4.0 |
| Non-Gilts (>15 yrs) | 4.2 |

| Absolute Change in Yields | 3 Mths | 1 Year |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| | % | % |
| UK Gilts (>15 yrs) | 0.0 | -0.6 |
| Index-Linked Gilts (>5 yrs) | 0.2 | -0.1 |
| Corporate Bonds (>15 yrs AA) | -0.2 | -1.1 |
| Non-Gilts (>15 yrs) | -0.4 | -0.8 |

| Inflation Indices | 3 Mths | 1 Year |
|-----------------------|--------|--------|
| | % | % |
| Price Inflation - RPI | 1.0 | 2.6 |
| Price Inflation - CPI | 1.0 | 2.2 |
| Earnings Inflation * | 0.3 | 2.1 |

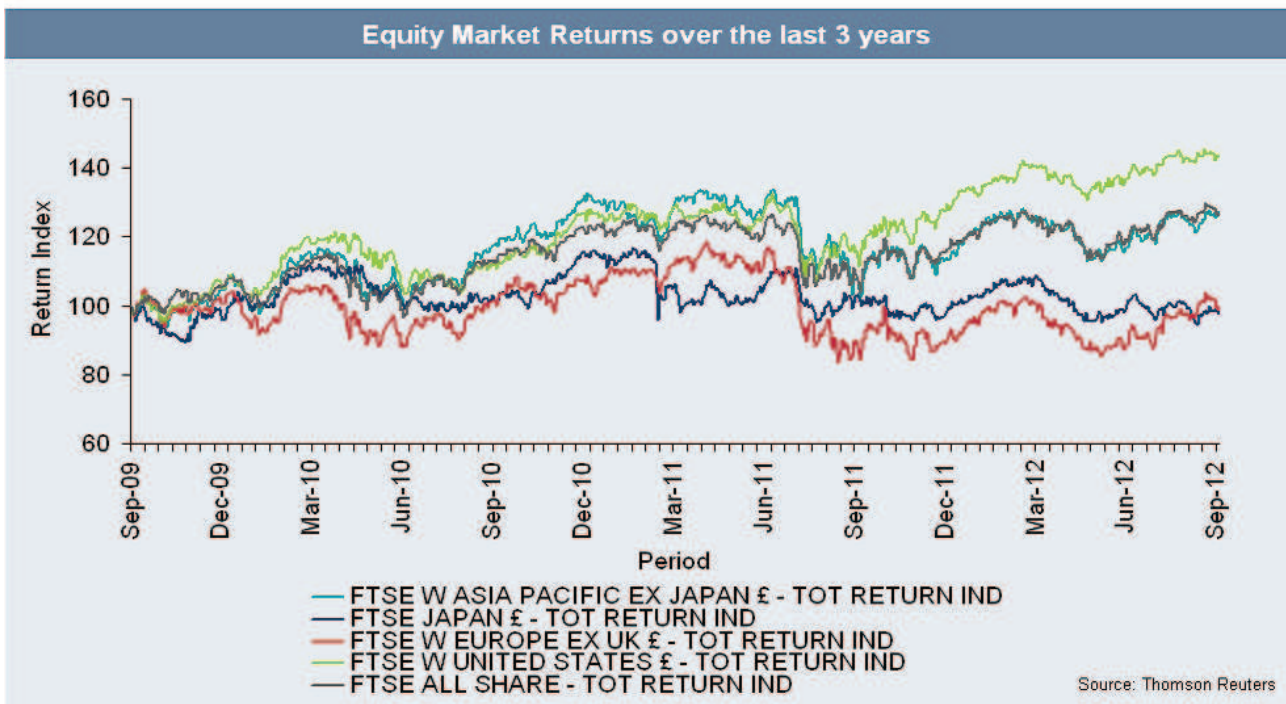
| Market Returns | 3 Mths | 1 Year |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Bond Assets | % | % |
| UK Gilts (>15 yrs) | 1.1 | 13.0 |
| Index-Linked Gilts (>5 yrs) | -3.2 | 5.0 |
| Corporate Bonds (>15 yrs AA) | 4.3 | 16.4 |
| Non-Gilts (>15 yrs) | 6.3 | 15.4 |

* Subject to 1 month lag
Source: Thomson Reuters

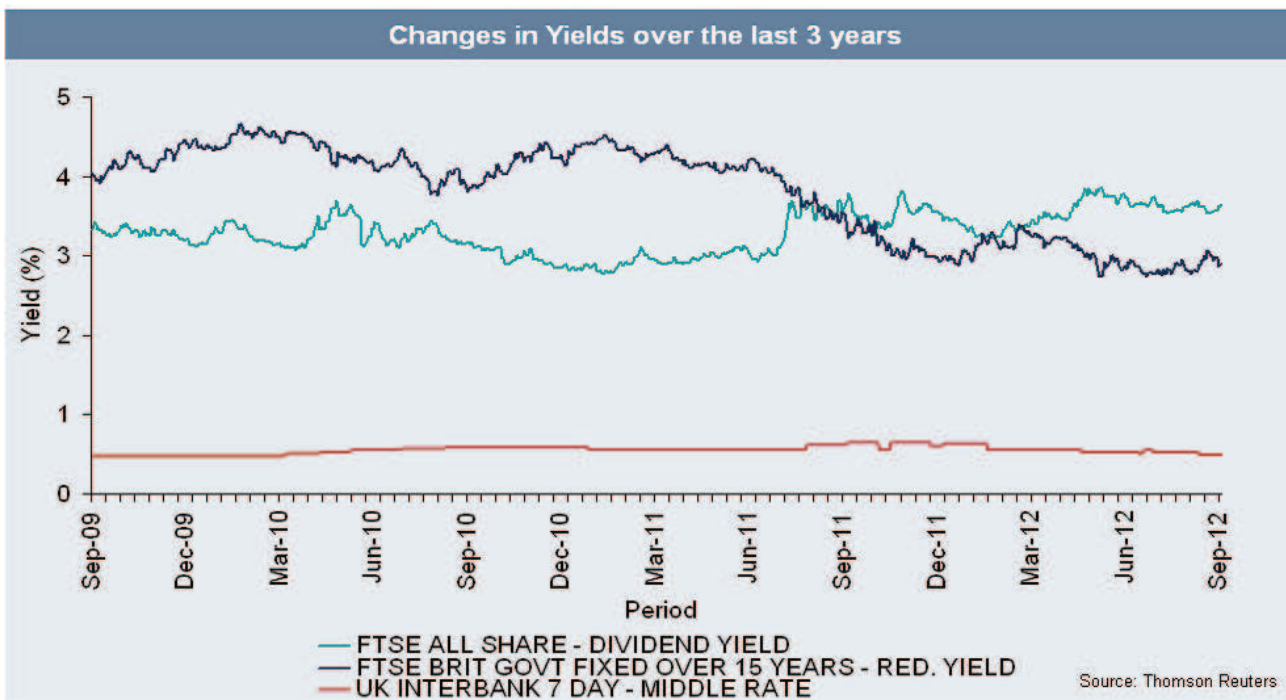
| Market Returns | 3 Mths | 1 Year |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|
| Growth Assets | % | % |
| UK Equities | 4.7 | 17.2 |
| Overseas Equities | 3.9 | 17.4 |
| USA | 3.3 | 25.6 |
| Europe | 6.6 | 12.5 |
| Japan | -3.6 | -5.2 |
| Asia Pacific (ex Japan) | 6.7 | 16.2 |
| Emerging Markets | 4.6 | 11.8 |
| Property | 0.6 | 3.5 |
| Hedge Funds | 3.4 | 6.8 |
| Commodities | 8.3 | 8.8 |
| High Yield | 2.7 | 15.9 |
| Cash | 0.1 | 0.5 |

| Change in Sterling | 3 Mths | 1 Year |
|--------------------|--------|--------|
| | % | % |
| Against US Dollar | 3.0 | 3.7 |
| Against Euro | 1.6 | 8.1 |
| Against Yen | 0.4 | 4.6 |

Market Background



The graph above shows the equity market returns for the last three years; both the medium-term trend and the short-term volatility. The graph is based on the FTSE World Index series, rebased to 100 on 30 Sep 2009.



The graph above shows the historical yields for gilts, UK equities and UK cash over the last three years. It shows how the redemption yield on government debt has changed over the medium term, and the trend of falling yields over the last 18 months.

The table below compares general market returns (i.e. not achieved Fund returns) to 30 September 2012, with assumptions about returns made in the Investment Strategy agreed in 2009.

| Asset Class | Strategy Assumed Return % p.a. | 3 year Index Return % p.a. | Comment |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| UK equities | 8.4 | 8.0 | Slightly behind the strategic return, reflecting a relatively flat return during 2011. The next three years is less certain due to current economic uncertainty. |
| Global equities | 8.4 | 7.3 | |
| UK Gilts | 4.7 | 10.7 | Significantly ahead of the assumed strategic return as gilt yields have fallen to historic lows and corporate bond yields have also fallen. Over the last quarter, only corporate yields continued to fall, and low yields potentially limits the return over the next few years. |
| Index Linked Gilts | 5.1 | 9.3 | |
| UK Corporate Bonds | 5.6 | 8.8 | |
| Overseas Fixed Interest | 5.6 | 4.6 | Behind the assumed strategic return. |
| Fund of Hedge Funds | 6.6 | 1.6 | Behind the assumed strategic return. Low LIBOR levels could lead to continued low performance. |
| Property | 7.4 | 11.3 | Ahead of the assumed strategic return, although the index return comprises three annual returns of 22.6%, 8.7% and 3.5%. |

Source: Statement of Investment Principles, Thomson Reuters.

See appendix A for economic data and commentary

Section Three – Fund Valuations

- The table below shows the asset allocation of the Fund as at 30 September 2012, with the BlackRock Multi-Asset portfolio and the BlackRock property portfolio (assets “ring fenced” for investment in property) split between the relevant asset classes.

| Asset Class | 30 September 2012 Value £'000 | Proportion of Total % | Strategic Benchmark Weight % |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| UK Equities | 553,400 | 19.8 | 18.0 |
| Overseas Equities | 1,181,979 | 42.3 | 42.0 |
| Bonds | 583,999 | 20.9 | 20.0 |
| Fund of Hedge Funds | 212,978 | 7.6 | 10.0 |
| Cash (including currency instruments) | 53,633 | 2.0 | - |
| Property | 206,957 | 7.4 | 10.0 |
| TOTAL FUND VALUE | 2,792,947 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services

- The value of the Fund's assets increased by £91m over the third quarter of 2012 to £2,792m. This was mainly due to strong absolute performance from UK and overseas equities, although each asset class contributed positively to the increase.
- In terms of the asset allocation, there was some re-balancing over the last quarter to move the Fund closer to its strategic benchmark weightings. £80m was switched from bonds, of which £75m was transferred to overseas equities and £5m to cash. Equities performed better than bonds over the last quarter, further increasing the proportion held in equities.
- In percentage terms, bonds reduced by 3.5% (from 24.4% to 20.9%), of which around 2.9% was due to the switch and 0.6% due to market movements. In totality, equities increased by 3.4% (from 58.7% to 62.1%), comprising 2.8% due to the switch and 0.8% from market movements.
- The valuation of the investment with each manager is provided on the following page.

| Manager | Asset Class | 30 June 2012 | | Net new money £'000 | 30 September 2012 | |
|---------------------------|--|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| | | Value | Proportion of Total | | Value | Proportion of Total |
| | | £'000 | % | | £'000 | % |
| Jupiter | UK Equities | 115,438 | 4.3 | - | 121,709 | 4.4 |
| TT International | UK Equities | 131,198 | 4.9 | - | 137,884 | 4.9 |
| Invesco | Global ex-UK Equities | 165,283 | 6.1 | 10,000 | 185,007 | 6.6 |
| Schroder | Global Equities | 135,430 | 5.0 | 30,000 | 171,023 | 6.1 |
| SSgA | Europe ex-UK Equities and Pacific incl. Japan Equities | 81,646 | 3.0 | - | 84,902 | 3.0 |
| Genesis | Emerging Market Equities | 133,548 | 4.9 | - | 140,956 | 5.0 |
| MAN | Fund of Hedge Funds | 60,928 | 2.3 | - | 61,995 | 2.2 |
| Signet | Fund of Hedge Funds | 63,263 | 2.3 | - | 64,713 | 2.3 |
| Stenham | Fund of Hedge Funds | 32,494 | 1.2 | - | 32,957 | 1.2 |
| Gottex | Fund of Hedge Funds | 52,560 | 2.0 | - | 53,313 | 1.9 |
| BlackRock | Passive Multi-asset | 1,207,763 | 44.7 | 34,450 | 1,271,197 | 45.5 |
| BlackRock (property fund) | Equities, Futures, Bonds, Cash (held for property inv) | 72,372 | 2.7 | -7,463 | 66,102 | 2.4 |
| RLAM | Bonds | 232,188 | 8.6 | -80,000 | 166,193 | 6.0 |
| Schroder | UK Property | 129,504 | 4.8 | - | 130,228 | 4.7 |
| Partners | Property | 73,553 | 2.7 | 7,384 | 80,408 | 2.9 |
| Record Currency Mgmt | Dynamic Currency Hedging | -4,864 | -0.2 | | 2,815 | 0.1 |
| Record Currency Mgmt 2 | Overseas Equities (to fund currency hedge) | 8,343 | 0.3 | | 7,114 | 0.3 |
| Internal Cash | Cash | 10,966 | 0.4 | 6,446 | 14,431 | 0.5 |
| Rounding | | - | 0.0 | - | - | 0.0 |
| TOTAL | | 2,701,613 | 100.0 | 817 | 2,792,947 | 100.0 |

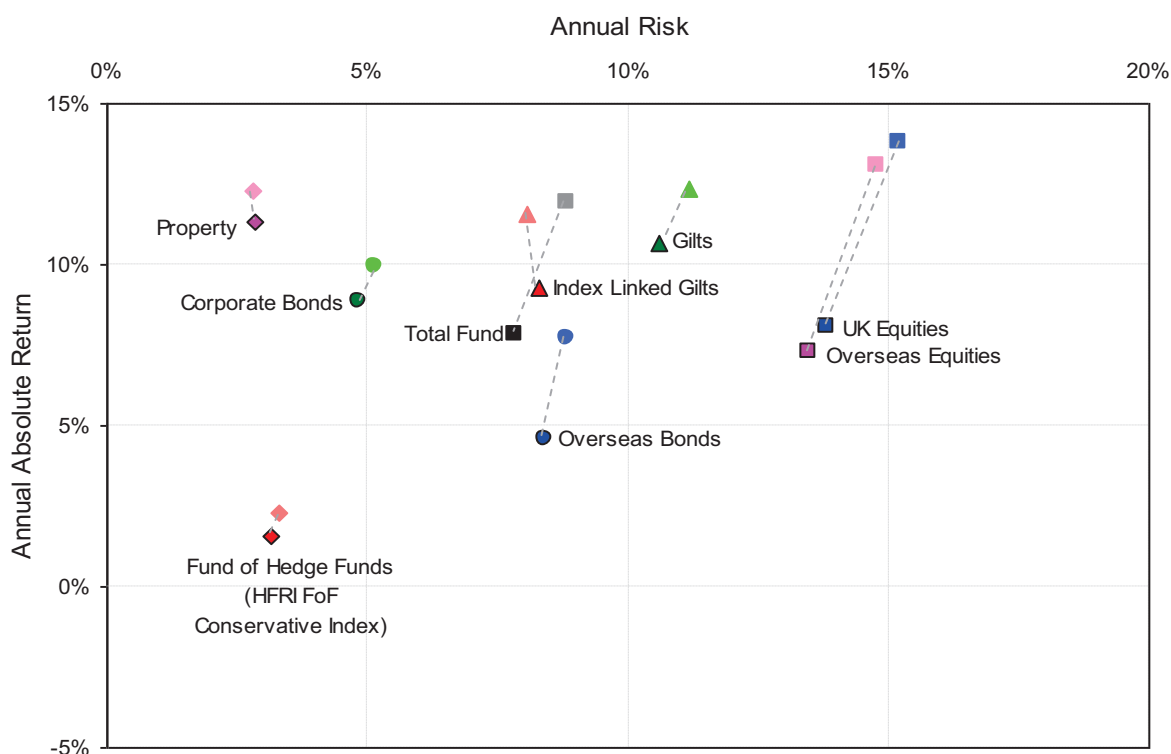
Source: Avon Pension Fund, Data provided by WM Performance Services.

Section Four – Performance Summary

Risk Return Analysis

- The chart below shows the 3 year absolute return (“Annual Absolute Return”) against the 3 year volatility of absolute returns (“Annual Risk”), based on monthly/quarterly (as available) data points in sterling terms, to the end of September 2012 of each of the underlying asset benchmarks, along with the total Fund strategic benchmark. We also show the position as at last quarter, as shadow points.
- This chart can be compared to the 3 year risk vs return managers' chart on page 14.

3 Year Risk v 3 Year Return to 30 September 2012



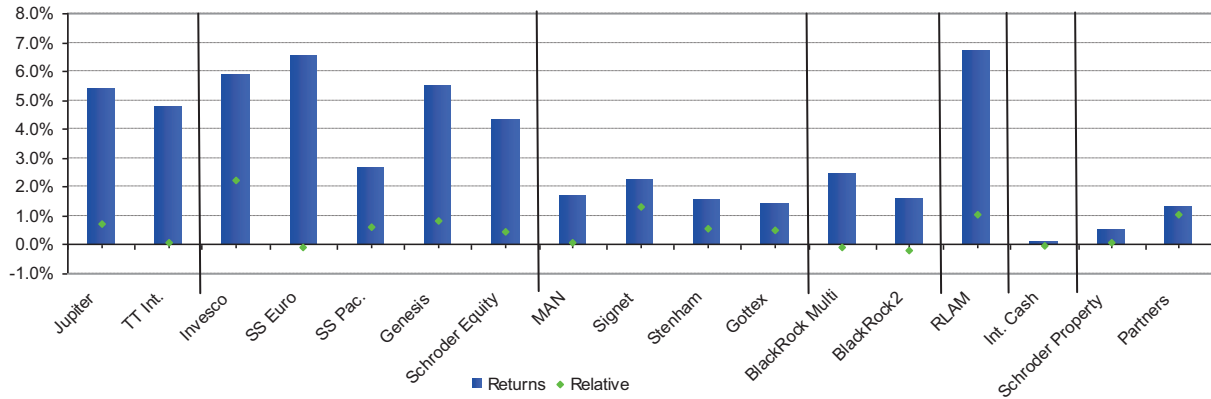
Source: Data provided by Thomson Reuters

- All of the underlying benchmarks have produced a positive return over the period (3 years p.a.).
- The 3 year return on all of the asset classes shown in the chart has fallen compared to the position last quarter.
- In particular, the 3 year equity return (both UK and overseas) has fallen from around 13% p.a. to around 8% p.a. This is largely due to the rally during the third quarter 2009 falling out of the analysis, during which time equities rose by more than 20%.
- The volatility of equities, bonds and conventional gilts has fallen, significantly so for equities.
- The asset class with the highest return over three years is now Property, at 11.3% p.a., although the bulk of this growth was in 2009-2010. The second highest is conventional gilts, at 10.7% p.a.
- Property and Fund of Hedge Funds continue to be the least volatile asset classes, with risk/return characteristics broadly similar to last quarter.
- Both UK and overseas equity returns now fall below their assumed strategic return of 8.4% p.a. Overseas Bonds have fallen below their strategic return of 5.6% p.a., and hedge funds remain significantly below their 6.6% p.a. strategic return. The 3 year return on the other asset classes (property, gilts, index-linked gilts and corporate bonds) remain above the respective strategic returns.

Aggregate manager performance

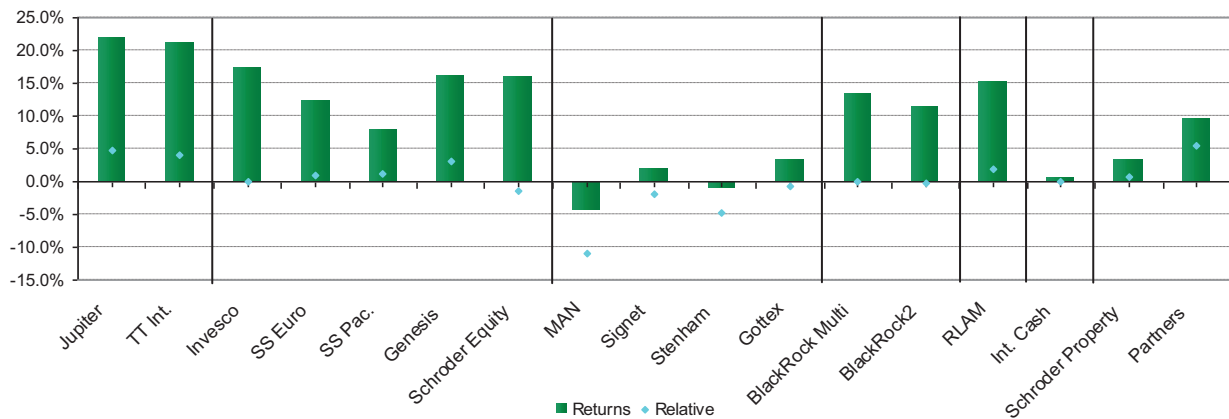
- The charts below show the absolute return for each manager over the quarter, one year and three years to the end of September 2012. The relative quarter, one year and three year returns are marked with green and blue dots respectively.

Absolute and relative performance - Quarter to 30 September 2012

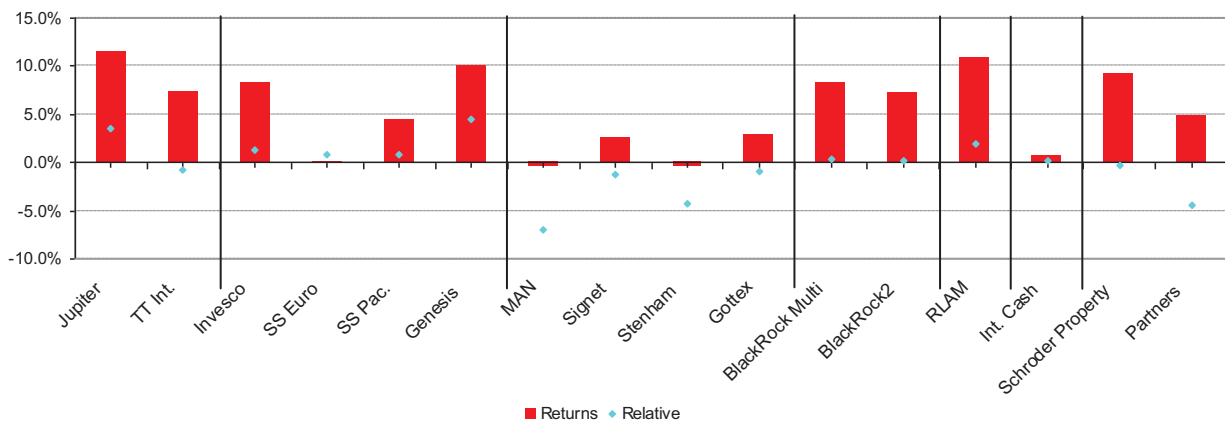


Partners data is lagged by 1 quarter.

Absolute and relative performance - Year to 30 September 2012



Absolute and relative performance - 3 years to 30 September 2012



Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services

- The table below shows the relative returns of each of the funds over the quarter, one year and three years to the end of September 2012. Returns in blue text are returns which outperformed the respective benchmarks, red text shows an underperformance, and black text represents performance in line with the benchmark.

| Manager / fund | 3 months (%) | 1 year * (%) | 3 years (% p.a.) | 3 year performance versus target |
|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|----------------------------------|
| Jupiter | +0.7 | +4.8 | +3.4 | Target met |
| TT International | +0.4 | +4.0 | -0.9 | Target not met |
| Invesco | +2.2 | -0.1 | +1.3 | Target met |
| SSgA Europe | -0.1 | +0.9 | +0.5 | Target met |
| SSgA Pacific | +0.8 | +1.2 | +0.7 | Target met |
| Genesis | +0.7 | +3.2 | +4.5 | Target met |
| Schroder Equity | +0.4 | -1.6 | N/A | N/A |
| Man | +0.2 | -10.9 | -7.0 | Target not met |
| Signet | +1.3 | -2.0 | -1.2 | Target not met |
| Stenham | +0.5 | -4.9 | -4.2 | Target not met |
| Gottex | +0.5 | -0.7 | -0.9 | Target not met |
| BlackRock Multi - Asset | 0.0 | -0.1 | +0.1 | Target met |
| BlackRock 2 | -0.2 | -0.2 | 0.0 | Target met |
| RLAM | +1.2 | +1.9 | +2.0 | Target met |
| Internal Cash | 0.0 | +0.1 | 0.0 | N/A |
| Schroder Property | +0.1 | +0.6 | -0.3 | Target not met |
| Partners Property | +1.0 | +5.4 | N/A | N/A |
| | | | | |

Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services

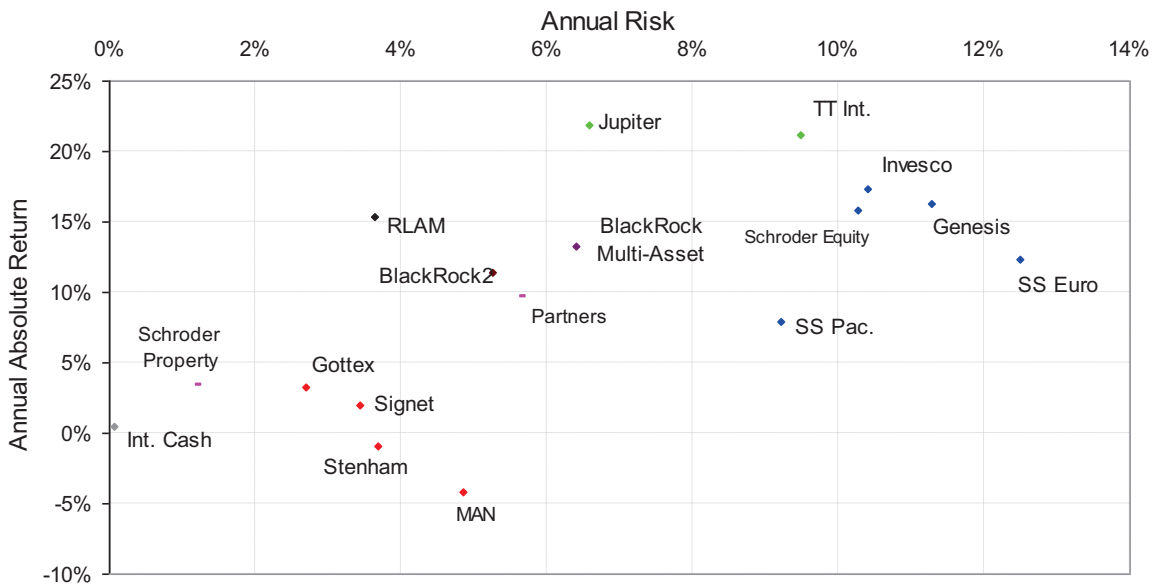
Data for Partners is lagged by 1 quarter.

* Approximate based on four quarterly returns - these will be revised from WM data in the final report.

Manager and Total Fund risk v return

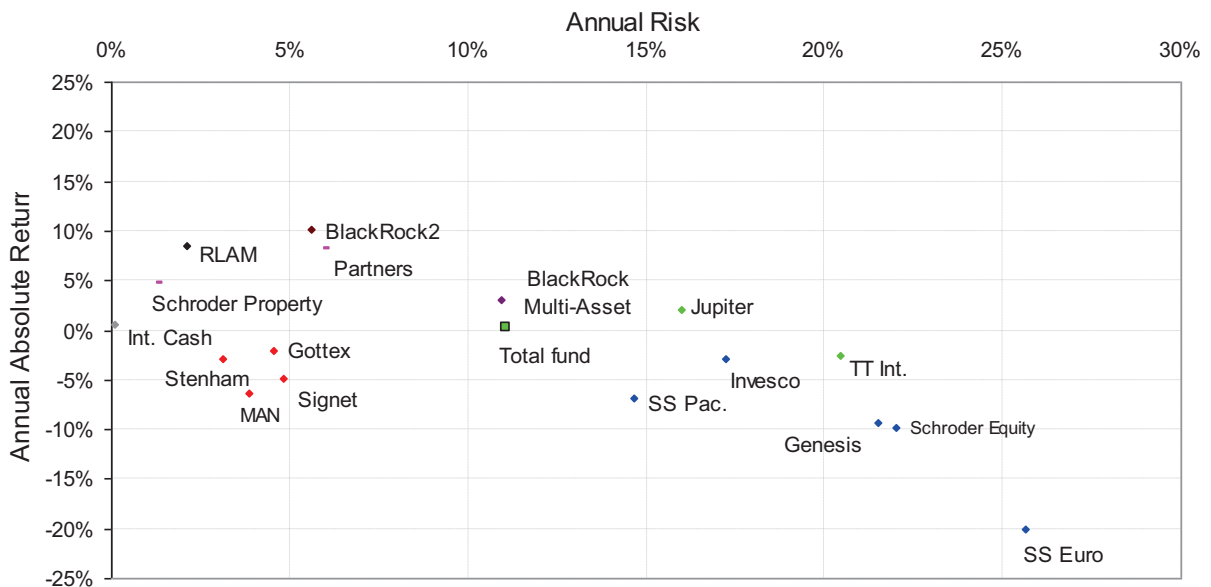
- The chart below shows the 1 year absolute return (“Annual Absolute Return”) against the 1 year volatility of absolute returns (“Annual Risk”), based on monthly/quarterly (as available) data points in sterling terms, to the end of September 2012 of each of the funds. We also show the same chart, but with data to 30 June 2012 for comparison.
- Note that the risk scale is different on the charts below, and that the September total will be in the final report.

1 Year Risk v 1 Year Return to 30 September 2012



Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services

1 Year Risk v 1 Year Return to 30 June 2012

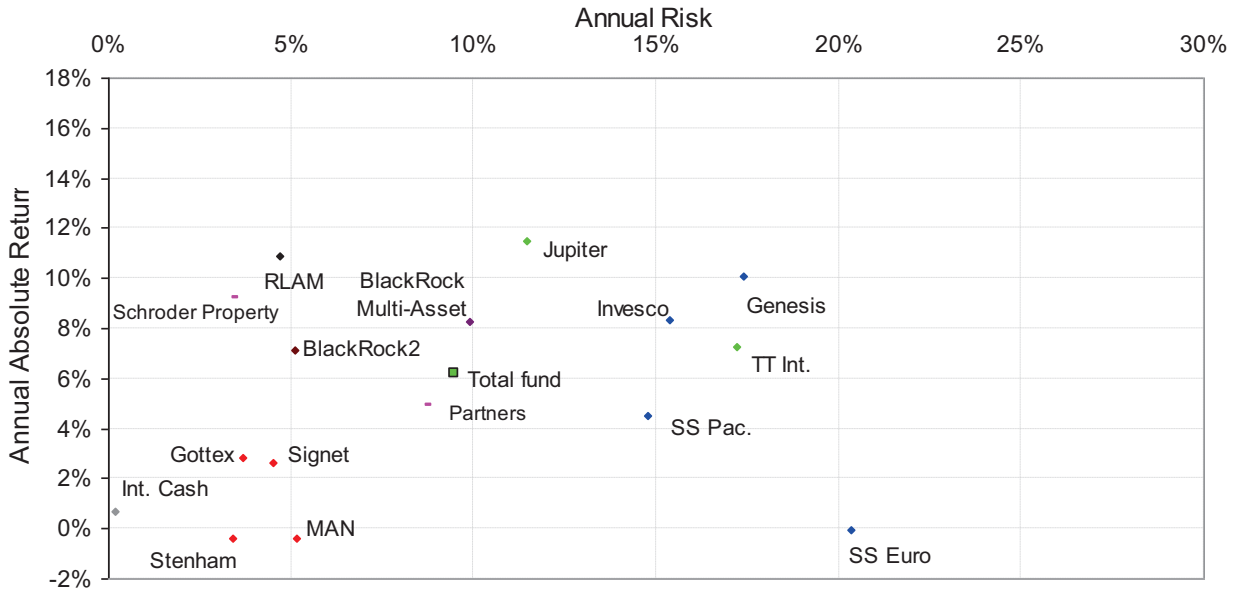


Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services

- The managers are colour coded by asset class, as follows:
 - Green: UK equities
 - Red: fund of hedge funds
 - Maroon: multi-asset
 - Grey: internally managed cash
 - Green Square: total Fund
 - Blue: overseas equities
 - Black: bonds
 - Brown: BlackRock No. 2 portfolio
 - Pink: Property
- The 1-year returns are higher to September than June for all funds apart from Schroder Property. In particular, for the equity returns it has moved from negative returns to returns generally of 15-20% for the overseas and 22% for the UK funds.
- The risk has reduced for all funds apart from MAN, Stenham and RLAM, by around half for the equity funds.

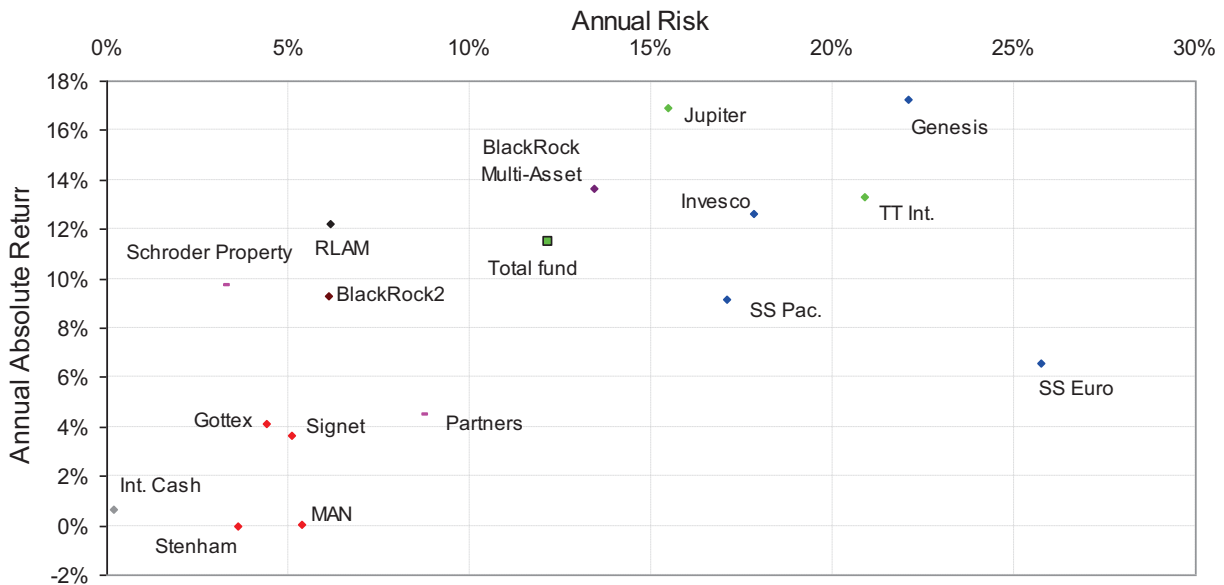
- The chart below shows the 3 year absolute return (“Annual Absolute Return”) against the 3 year volatility of absolute returns (“Annual Risk”), based on monthly/quarterly (as available) data points in sterling terms, to the end of September 2012 of each of the funds. We also show the same chart, but with data to 30 June 2012 for comparison.

3 Year Risk v 3 Year Return to 30 September 2012



Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services

3 Year Risk v 3 Year Return to 30 June 2012



Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services

- The managers are colour coded by asset class, as follows:
 - Green: UK equities
 - Blue: overseas equities
 - Red: fund of hedge funds
 - Black: bonds
 - Maroon: multi-asset
 - Brown: BlackRock No. 2 portfolio
 - Grey: internally managed cash
 - Green Square: total Fund

- The three year returns have all fallen, apart from Partners. Equity fund returns have fallen by around 5% p.a., with the other funds falling by a lesser extent.
- The risk has also reduced by a broadly consistent level across all funds to around 80% of the level as at 30 June. The exception is Schroders Property, which has increased slightly (albeit from a low base).
- In line with the generic chart on page 9, and as expected, the Fund of Hedge Fund managers have provided the least volatile performance and equity managers the most volatile.

Conclusion

- The strongest returns over both the 1 and 3 year period are from equity funds.
- Bond returns continue to be high over the 3 year period, and have been very high over the last 12 months. This was a result of falling yields, which have showed signs of flattening over the last quarter, which reduced the prospects for similarly high returns over the next 3 year period.
- As expected, the Fund of Hedge Fund managers have provided low volatile performance over both the 1 and 3 year periods. However, over the longer 3 year period they have all underperformed their assumed strategic return. Schroders' Property also shows a low volatility.

Section Five – Individual Manager Performance

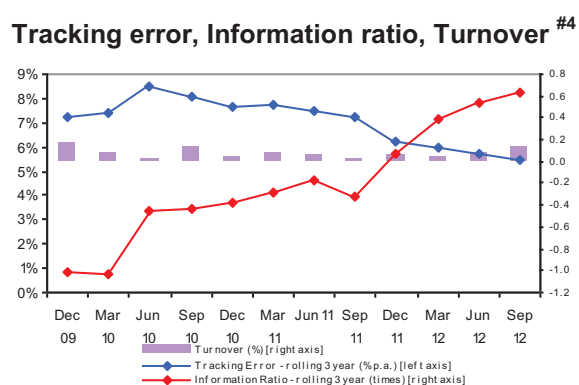
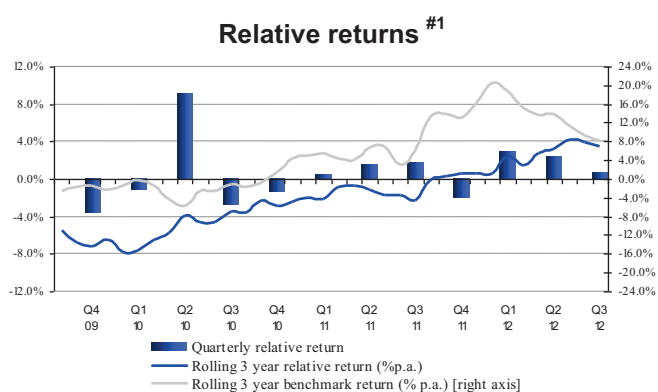
- This section provides a one page summary of the key risk and return characteristics for each investment manager. An explanatory summary of each of the charts is included in the Glossary in Appendix A, with a reference for each chart in the chart title (e.g. #1). A summary of mandates is included in Appendix B, which shows the benchmark and outperformance target for each fund.

Key points for consideration

- The fund has unwound a tactical switch from December 2011 over the last quarter, resulting in an asset allocation that is closer to the strategic benchmark weight. Further tactical switches could be considered.
- The performance of Man should continue to be closely monitored as the changes are completed to the portfolio to reduce the number of underlying managers, increase the use of managed accounts and amend the allocation to underlying strategies.

Jupiter Asset Management – UK Equities (Socially Responsible Investing)

| Mandate | Benchmark | Outperformance target | Inception date |
|--|----------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| UK equities (Socially Responsible Investing) | FTSE All Share | +2% | April 2001 |
| Value (£'000) | % Fund Assets | Tracking error | Number of holdings: |
| £121,709 | 4.4 | 5.5% | Not available |



Performance

| | 3 months (%) | 1 year (%) | 3 years (% p.a.) |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Fund | 5.4 | 21.9 | 11.5 |
| Benchmark | 4.7 | 17.1 | 8.1 |
| Relative | +0.7 | +4.8 | +3.4 |

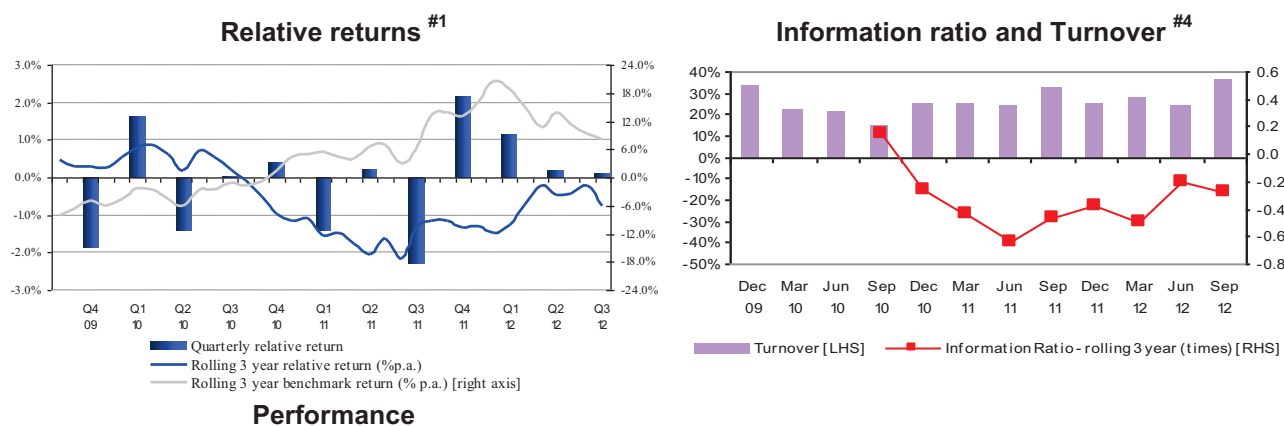
Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services, and Jupiter

Comments

- The Fund's allocation to Cash (5.6%) decreased marginally compared to the preceding quarter (5.7%) remaining below the 7% limit.
- The industry allocation has continued to remain considerably different from the benchmark allocation (as expected from Socially Responsible Investing), so the variability of relative returns (volatility) is expected to be high. Over Q3 2012, Jupiter was significantly underweight in Oil and Gas, Consumer Goods, Basic Materials and Financials, with significantly overweight positions in Industrials, Consumer Services, Utilities and Technology. This relative allocation has been consistent with previous quarters.

TT International – UK Equities (Unconstrained)

| Mandate | Benchmark | Outperformance target | Inception date |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| UK equities (unconstrained) | FTSE All Share | +3-4% | July 2007 |
| Value (£'000) | % Fund Assets | Tracking error | Number of holdings |
| £137,884 | 4.9 | 2.6% | 50 |



Performance

| | 3 months (%) | 1 year (%) | 3 years (% p.a.) |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Fund | 5.1 | 21.2 | 7.2 |
| Benchmark | 4.7 | 17.2 | 8.1 |
| Relative | +0.4 | +4.0 | -0.9 |

Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services, and TT International

Comments

- The Fund held an overweight position in Industrials by 3.5% and was underweight Healthcare and Financials, by 2.9% and 2.7% respectively, at the end of the quarter.
- Turnover, over the third quarter, increased significantly by 12.7% to 36.6% compared to the last quarter's number of 23.9%. This was the highest turnover rate since Q1 2009.
- The 3 year tracking error (proxy for risk) has remained broadly consistent over the last few quarters, to stand at 2.61%. However, there has been a consistent decrease since Q3 2010, when it was 3.12%.
- The 3 year information ratio (risk adjusted return), fell by 0.07 after an increase last quarter.

Schroder – Global Equity Portfolio (Unconstrained)

- The mandate was awarded to Schroder by the Fund commenced in April 2011.
- The Fund appointed Schroder to manage Global Equities on a segregated basis. The Manager's portfolio objective is to outperform the benchmark, the MSCI All Countries World Index, by 4% per annum over a rolling three year period.
- In order to achieve the objective, the investment approach is designed to add value relative to the benchmark through stock selection and sector allocation decisions.
- We provide here a qualitative update and assessment of the manager.

Portfolio update and performance over Q3 2012

The Fund outperformed its benchmark by 0.4%, producing an absolute return of 4.3% over the quarter. Over the 1 year period, the return of the Fund was 15.9%, which was behind the benchmark return of 17.4%. the fund has outperformed in two of the last four quarters, but by a lesser extent than its underperformance in the other two quarters.

The portfolio outperformed as market sentiment turned positive. Many of the stocks that were weak in Q2, including Google, rebounded in Q3. As the price of gold rallied, their stock, Newcrest Mining, was also a strong performer.

Schroder remain cautious towards Continental Europe, with a low exposure. However, this detracted over the last quarter as low quality European stocks produced strong returns as investor sentiment improved.

In terms of country weightings, the largest overweight position is Japan (+2.5%), moving from a broadly neutral position last quarter. North America remains the most underweight (-3.1%), with the United Kingdom now underweight (-1.3%) compared to +2.2% on 30 June. European exposure has increased, but remains underweight (-0.4%)

In terms of sector weightings, there is more deviation from the benchmark weighting at 30 September compared to 30 June. Consumer Discretionary (+2.9%) remains the most overweight, and the fund is now also overweight in Healthcare, Industrials and Information Technology. Financials, Energy and Telecoms remain underweight.

Schroder continue to pursue companies which should benefit from longer-term global trends, and believe that market is still too focussed on the short-term, due to mixed economic data and volatile conditions.

The portfolio is balanced between defensive stocks (e.g. a stock which is not dependent on economic conditions such as stocks in pharmaceuticals or food) and more cyclical industries. Schroder maintain a focus on stock-specific situations where they feel there is good growth and valuation upside. They see equity valuations as reasonable on most long-term measures and cheap relative to other asset classes such as bonds.

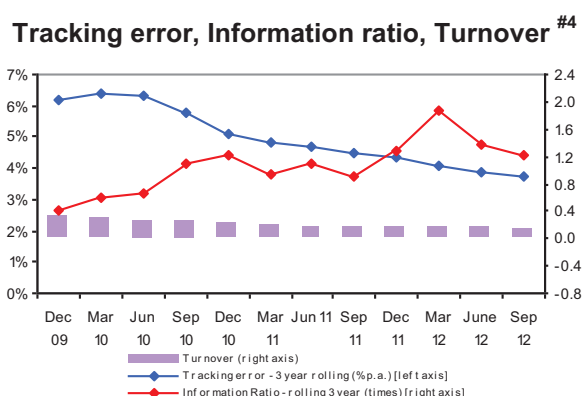
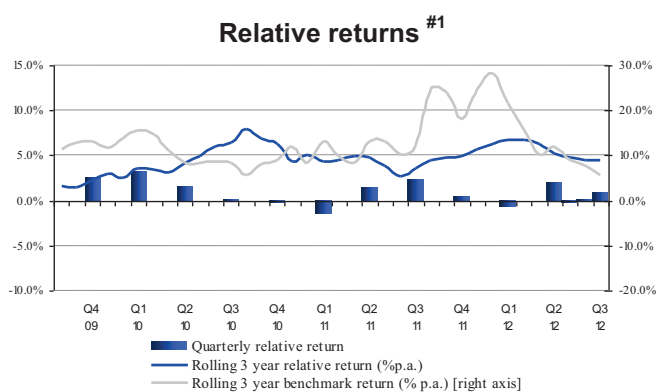
Conclusion

Schroder's approach to stock selection is not constrained by the benchmark. Performance relative to the benchmark is expected to be volatile over short time periods. The underperformance since inception is therefore not of significant concern. Schroder continues to invest in stocks, diversified by sector and country, that they expect to outperform over the long term rather than trying to identify short term price anomalies to purchase stocks of companies that they do not necessarily believe will excel in the long term.

We believe the philosophy has been adhered to and have no immediate concerns with Schroder. Officers will continue to monitor performance and Schroder are meeting the Panel in February 2013.

Genesis Asset Managers – Emerging Market Equities

| Mandate | Benchmark | Outperformance target | Inception date |
|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Emerging Market equities | MSCI EM IMI TR | - | December 2006 |
| Value (£'000) | % Fund Assets | Tracking error | Number of holdings |
| £140,956 | 5.0 | 3.7% | 160 |



Performance

| | 3 months (%) | 1 year (%) | 3 years (% p.a.) |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Fund | 5.5 | 16.2 | 10.1 |
| Benchmark | 4.8 | 13.1 | 5.6 |
| relative | +0.7 | +3.1 | +4.5 |

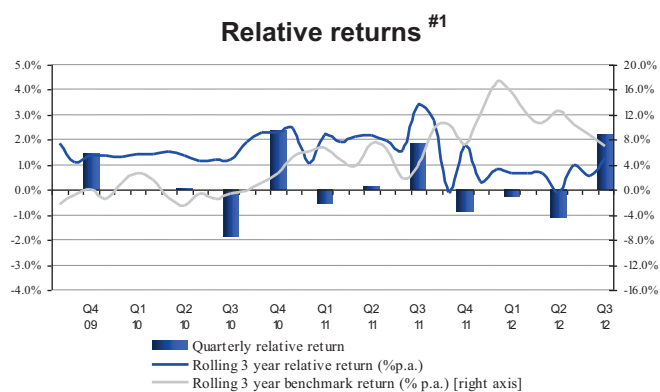
Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services, and Genesis

Comments:

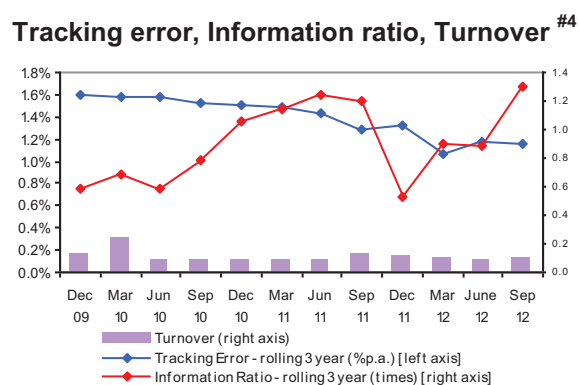
- The Fund is overweight to India, South Africa and Russia, and underweight to South Korea and China. Maintaining the underweight position in China is partly due to the restrictions on non-local investors. Please note that the over- and underweights are a result of Genesis' stock picking approach, rather than taking a view on countries.
- The 3 year tracking error (proxy for risk) continued to fall from 3.9% in Q2 2012 to 3.7% in Q3 2012. This is the 11th consecutive quarter of a reduction in the tracking error. The 3 year information ratio (risk adjusted return), fell from 1.4 to 1.2.
- The allocation to Cash (1.9%) increased slightly compared to the previous quarter (1.5%).
- On an industry basis, the Fund is overweight Consumer Staples (+6.7%), Health Care (+2.7%) and Materials (1.2%). The Fund is underweight to Consumer Discretionary (-5.2%), Energy (-4.6%) and Telecom Services (-2.5%). These are broadly similar positions to last quarter.

Invesco – Global ex-UK Equities (Enhanced Indexation)

| Mandate | Benchmark | Outperformance target | Inception date |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Global ex-UK equities enhanced (Enhanced Indexation) | MSCI World ex UK NDR | +0.5% | December 2006 |
| Value (£'000) | % Fund Assets | Tracking error | Number of holdings |
| £185,007 | 6.6 | 1.2% | 365 |



Performance



| | 3 months | 1 year | 3 years |
|-----------|----------|--------|----------|
| | (%) | (%) | (% p.a.) |
| Fund | 5.8 | 17.3 | 8.4 |
| Benchmark | 3.6 | 17.4 | 7.1 |
| relative | +2.2 | -0.1 | +1.3 |

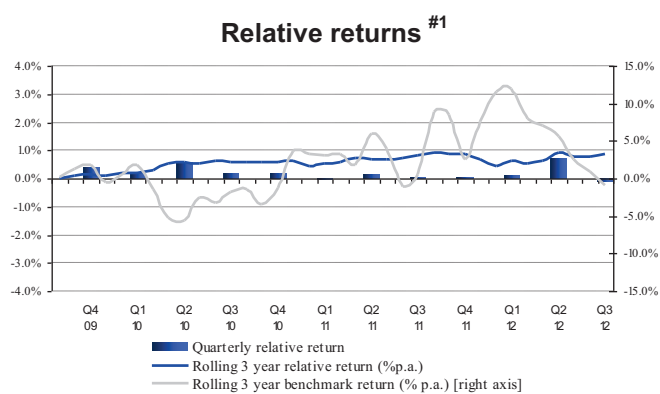
Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services, and Invesco

Comments:

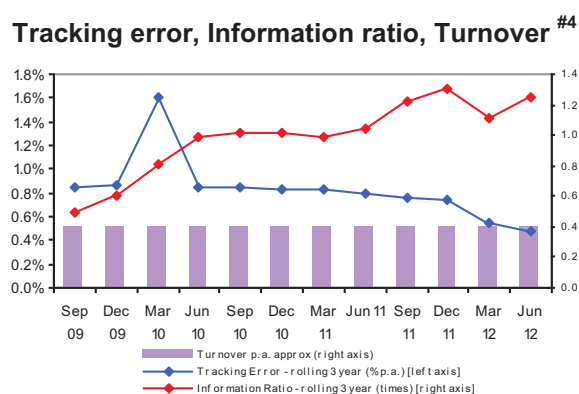
- Over the last quarter, all strategies continued to be positive contributors except for Style and Sector selection.
- The absolute volatility has decreased to 8.9% at the end of the third quarter compared to 13.2% at the end of the second quarter.
- The turnover for this quarter of 10.4% increased from 9.2% in the previous quarter. This is the first quarter that the turnover has increased after three consecutive quarters of reducing turnover. The number of stocks (365) remained almost at par compared to the previous quarter (372).
- The industry allocation is relatively in line with the benchmark industry allocations. Apart from Consumer Staples (-1.1%), all industry allocations were broadly within +/- 1.0% of benchmark weightings as expected from this mandate.
- The number of stocks held in this portfolio remains appropriate for the enhanced indexation approach.
- Invesco's 3 year performance has returned above the benchmark due to both good performance this quarter and poor performance from Q3 2009 falling out of the analysis.

SSgA – Europe ex-UK Equities (Enhanced Indexation)

| Mandate | Benchmark | Outperformance target | Inception date |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Europe ex-UK equities (enhanced indexation) | FTSE AW Europe ex UK | +0.5% | December 2006 |
| Value (£'000) | % Fund Assets | Tracking error | Number of holdings |
| £28,833 | 1.0 | N/A | N/A |



Performance



| | 3 months (%) | 1 year (%) | 3 years (% p.a.) |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Fund | 6.4 | 12.4 | -0.2 |
| Benchmark | 6.5 | 11.4 | -0.7 |
| relative | -0.1 | +1.0 | +0.5 |

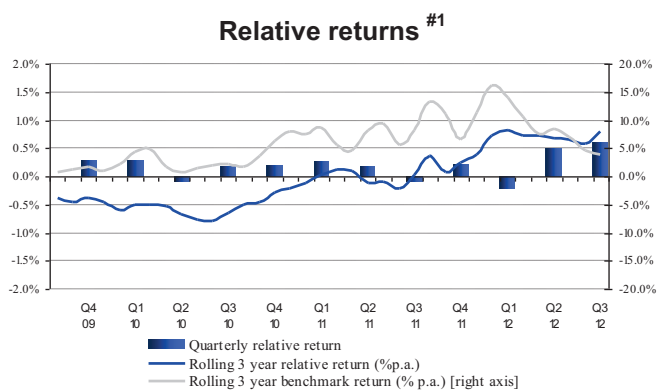
Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services, and SSgA

Comments:

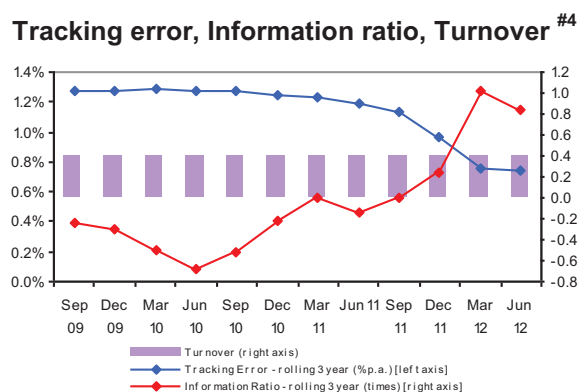
- Information including the fund size, tracking error and turnover has not been received for this initial report, and will be included in the final report. The tracking chart above is from our last report.

SSgA – Pacific incl. Japan Equities (Enhanced Indexation)

| Mandate | Benchmark | Outperformance target | Inception date |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Pacific inc. Japan equities | FTSE AW Dev Asia Pacific | +0.5% | December 2006 |
| Value (£'000) | % Fund Assets | Tracking error | Number of holdings |
| £56,069 | 2.0 | N/A | N/A |



Performance



| | 3 months (%) | 1 year (%) | 3 years (% p.a.) |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Fund | 2.8 | 7.9 | 4.5 |
| Benchmark | 2.0 | 6.7 | 3.8 |
| relative | +0.8 | +1.2 | +0.7 |

Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services, and SSgA

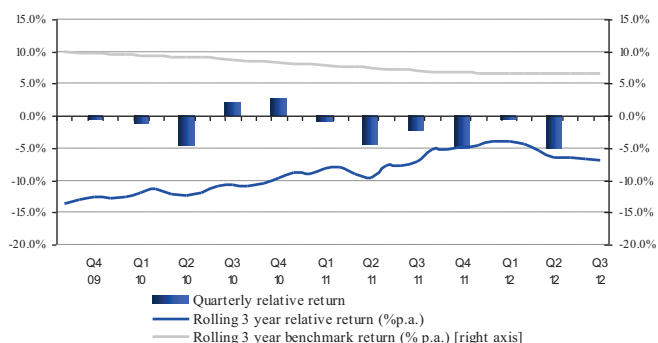
Comments:

- Information including the fund size, tracking error and turnover has not been received for this initial report, and will be included in the final report. The tracking chart above is from our last report.

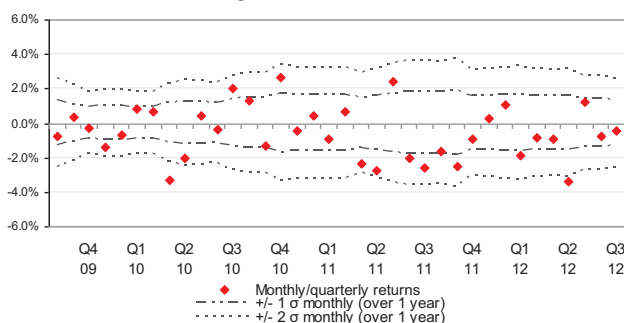
MAN – Fund of Hedge Funds

| Mandate | Benchmark | Portfolio volatility (3 yr p.a.) | Inception date |
|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Fund of Hedge Funds | 3 month LIBOR +5.75% | 5.4% | August 2007 |
| Value (£'000) | % Fund Assets | Number of funds | |
| £61,995 | 2.2 | 54 | |

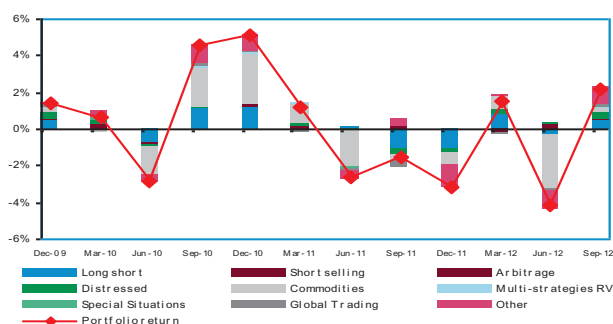
Relative returns #1



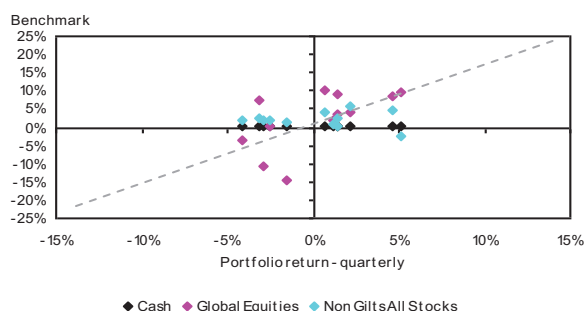
Monthly relative returns #2



Hedge fund strategies and source of return #6



Correlation with indices #7



Performance

| | 3 months | 1 year | 3 years |
|-----------|----------|--------|----------|
| | (%) | (%) | (% p.a.) |
| Fund | 1.8 | -4.2 | -0.4 |
| Benchmark | 1.6 | 6.7 | 6.6 |
| relative | +0.2 | -10.9 | -7.0 |

Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services, and MAN

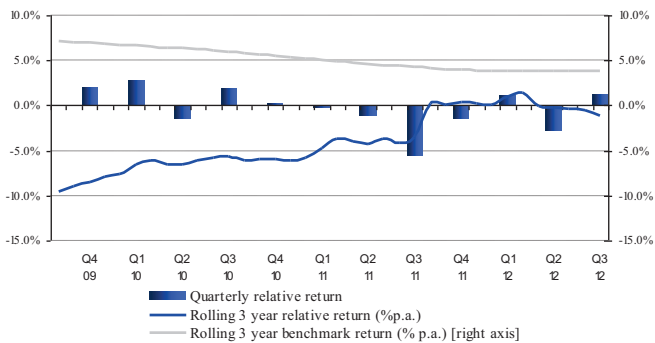
Comments:

- Man has a higher outperformance target than the other fund of hedge fund managers. This is partly responsible for a weaker long-term performance. Their 3 year absolute performance is the same as Stenham at -0.4% p.a.
- The fund is reducing the number of managers that it holds and increasing the use of managed accounts. These changes are being introduced to better achieve risk return targets by adopting a more flexible and dynamic allocation strategy. The number of funds has further reduced over the past quarter from 66 to 54, which compares to 75 at the end of March.
- Whilst not generally used for rebalancing anyway, any allocation to the fund of hedge fund portfolio should be allocated to the other managers whilst Man transitions the portfolio.

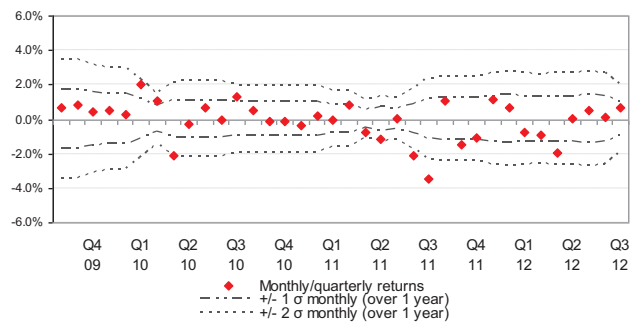
Signet – Fund of Hedge Funds

| Mandate | Benchmark | Portfolio volatility (3 yr p.a.) | Inception date |
|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Fund of Hedge Funds | 3 month LIBOR +3.0% | 5.1% | August 2007 |
| Value (£'000) | % Fund Assets | Number of funds | |
| £64,713 | 2.3 | 45 | |

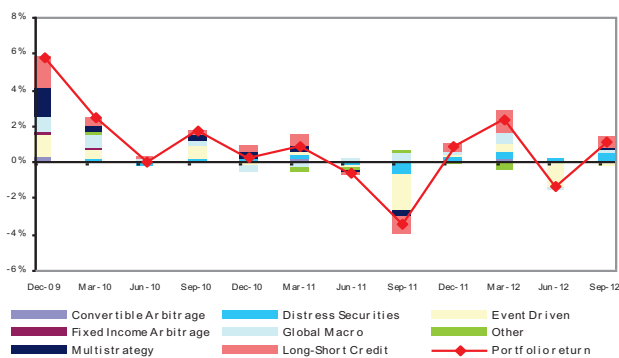
Relative returns #1



Monthly relative returns #2

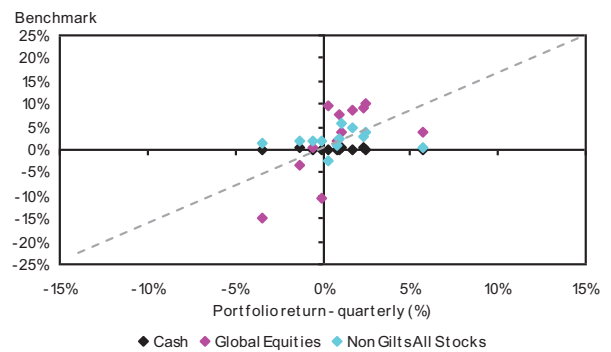


Hedge fund strategies and source of return #6



Performance

Correlation with indices #7



| | 3 months (%) | 1 year (%) | 3 years (% p.a.) |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Fund | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.6 |
| Benchmark | 0.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 |
| relative | +1.3 | -1.9 | -1.2 |

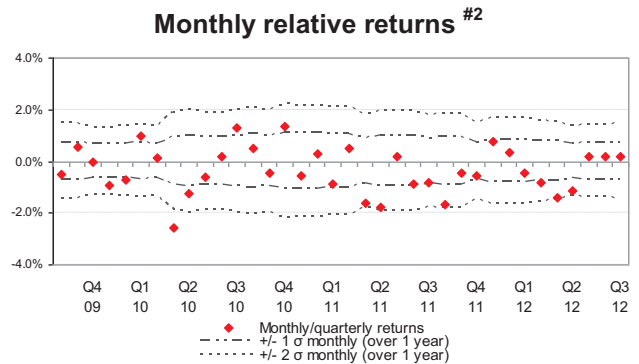
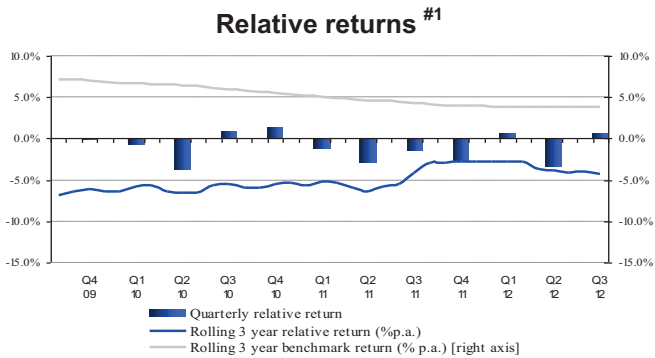
Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services, and Signet

Comments:

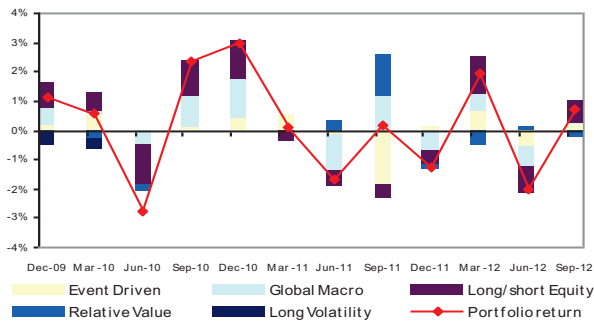
- Most strategies contributed to the positive absolute returns. Event Driven, Volatility Arbitrage, Long-Short Equity and Portfolio Protection strategies produced negative returns.
- There is no clear correlation between this Fund and cash, global equities or non gilt bonds. This suggests that this Fund acts as a good diversifier to the Avon Pension Fund's other asset classes.

Stenham – Fund of Hedge Funds

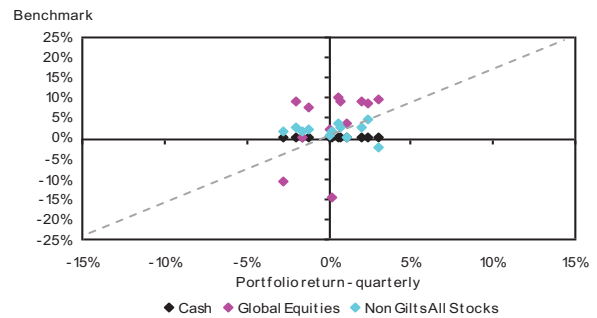
| Mandate | Benchmark | Portfolio volatility (3 yr p.a.) | Inception date |
|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Fund of Hedge Funds | 3 month LIBOR +3.0% | 3.1% | August 2007 |
| Value (£'000) | % Fund Assets | Number of funds | |
| £32,957 | 1.2 | 35 | |



Hedge fund strategies and source of return #6



Correlation with indices #7



Performance

| | 3 months (%) | 1 year (%) | 3 years (% p.a.) |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Fund | 1.4 | -0.9 | -0.4 |
| Benchmark | 0.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 |
| relative | +0.5 | -4.8 | -4.2 |

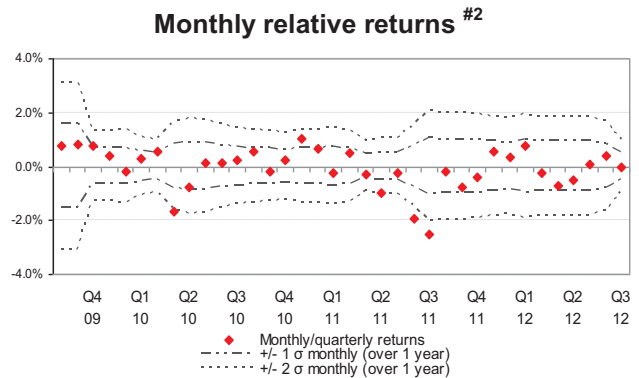
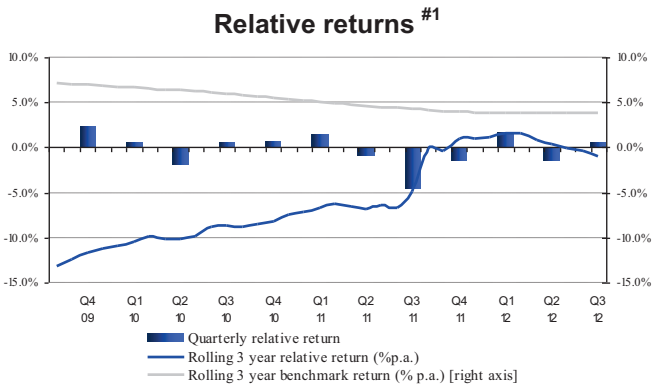
Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services, and Stenham

Comments:

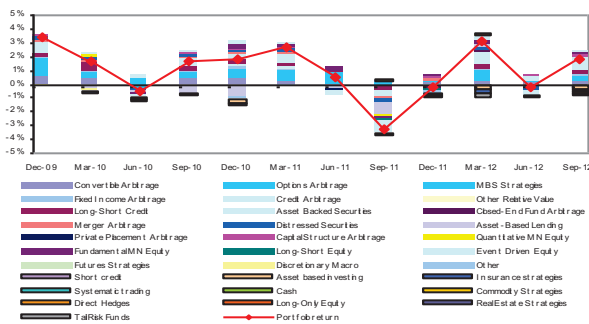
- Relative value strategies produced the lowest return over the quarter, and detracted 0.3% from the portfolio. Global Macro and Long Volatility were neutral. The positive contribution to performance came only from Long/short Equity (0.8%) and Event Driven (0.2%) strategies.
- The allocation to the Global Macro and Long / Short Equity strategies made up 69.0% of the total Fund allocation. The allocation to Cash increased from 1.0% to 3.0% over the quarter. This is the first increase to the allocation to Cash after four consecutive quarters of a decrease.
- There is no clear correlation between this Fund and cash, global equities or non gilt bonds. This suggests that this Fund acts as a good diversifier to the Avon Pension Fund's other asset classes.

Gottex – Fund of Hedge Funds

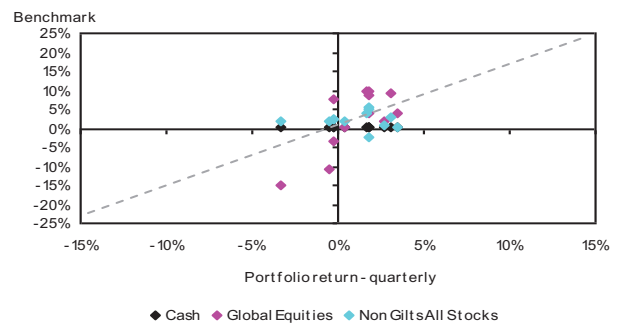
| Mandate | Benchmark | Portfolio volatility (3 yr p.a.) | Inception date |
|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Fund of Hedge Funds | 3 month LIBOR +3.0% | 2.7% | August 2007 |
| Value (£'000) | % Fund Assets | Number of funds | |
| £53,313 | 1.9 | Not available | |



Hedge fund strategies and source of return #6



Correlation with indices #7



Performance

| | 3 months | 1 year | 3 years |
|-----------|----------|--------|----------|
| | (%) | (%) | (% p.a.) |
| Fund | 1.4 | 3.2 | 2.9 |
| Benchmark | 0.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 |
| relative | +0.5 | -0.7 | -0.9 |

Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services, and Gottex

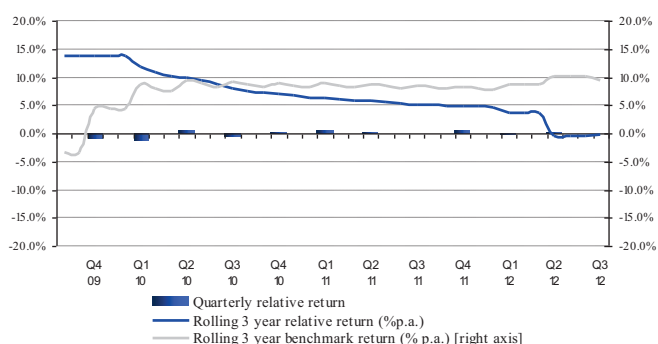
Comments:

- The Fund has a diverse range of strategy exposures, with continued major exposures to Asset Backed Securities, Mortgage Backed Securities and Fundamental MN Equity strategies. Allocations remained broadly in line with those in the earlier quarter.
- There is no clear correlation between this Fund and cash, global equities or non gilt bonds. This suggests that this Fund acts as a good diversifier to the Avon Pension Fund's other asset classes.

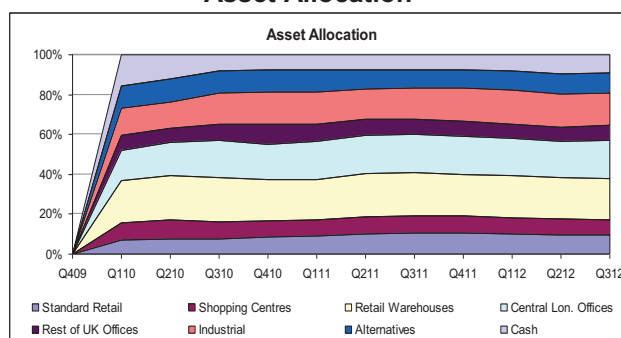
Schroder – UK Property

| Mandate | Benchmark | Outperformance target | Inception date |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| UK property | IPD UK pooled | +1.0% | February 2009 |
| Value (£'000) | % Fund Assets | Tracking error | Number of funds |
| £130,228 | 4.7 | Not available | 16 |

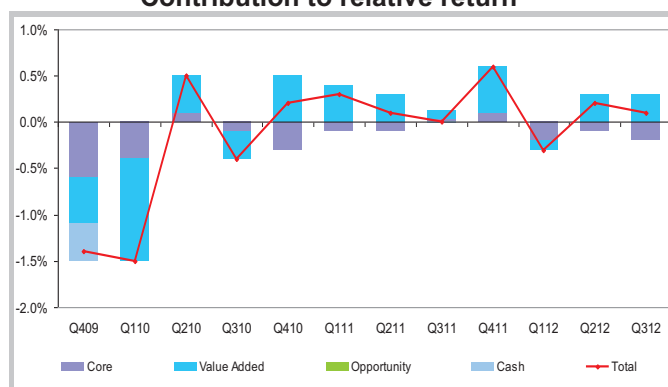
Relative returns #1



Asset Allocation #5



Contribution to relative return #6



Performance

| | 3 months (%) | 1 year (%) | 3 years (% p.a.) |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Fund | 0.5 | 3.4 | 9.2 |
| Benchmark | 0.4 | 2.8 | 9.5 |
| relative | +0.1 | +0.6 | -0.3 |

Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services, and Schroders

Comments:

- Schroder were appointed to manage UK Property on a segregated, multi-manager basis. The investments held within the underlying funds are primarily direct, although some managers might use listed securities for diversification.
- The style of underlying fund held are divided into 'core' and 'value add'. Their outperformance has come from 'value add' managers, offset to some extent by the 'core' managers, both over the quarter and year.
- There were two transactions during the quarter, the final drawdown for the Real Income Fund (circa £236,000) and the second drawdown for the Local Retail Fund (circa £215,000).
- They continue to hold an overweight position relative to benchmark in Central London offices, where demand has remained strong.
- Schroder continue to forecast flat total returns in 2012, as capital value declines largely offset the property income return.

Partners – Overseas Property

- The mandate awarded to Partners by the Fund commenced in August 2009, although draw downs are being made gradually over time, and the full extent of the Fund's commitment has not yet been invested.
- Partners invest in direct, primary and secondary private real estate investments on a global basis.

Portfolio update

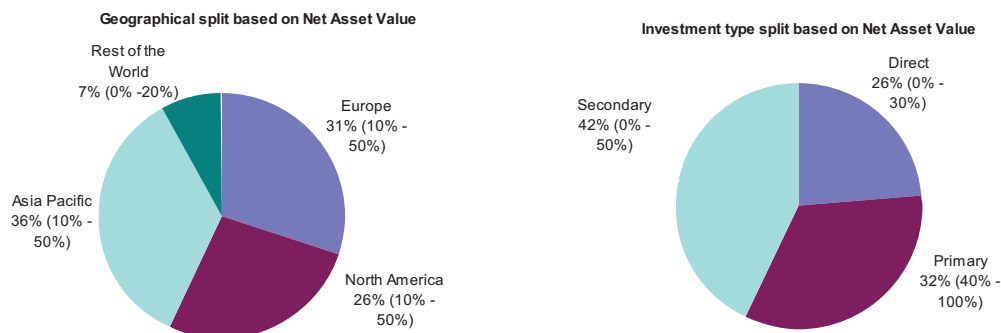
To date, Partners have drawn down approximately £78 million, or approximately 59% of the Fund's intended commitment of approximately £132 million. A total of £7.65 million was drawn down over the quarter, across all of the funds listed below apart from Distressed US Real Estate 2009, which has already drawn down most of its commitments. The draw downs commenced in September 2009.

The funds invested to date have been split by Partners as follows:

| Partners Fund | Net Drawn Down (£ Million) | Net Asset Value as at 30 September 2012 (£ Million) |
|---|-------------------------------|---|
| Asia Pacific and Emerging Market Real Estate 2009 | 11.50 | 12.06 |
| Direct Real Estate 2011 | 3.38 | 3.37 |
| Distressed US Real Estate 2009 | 12.41 | 12.46 |
| Global Real Estate 2008 | 29.70 | 30.17 |
| Global Real Estate 2011 | 9.73 | 10.04 |
| Real Estate Secondary 2009 | 11.10 | 12.31 |
| Total (£) | 77.82 | 80.41 |

Source: Partners. (adjusted for cash flows), the above is Partners' valuation as at 30 September 2012.

The investments in the funds noted above have resulted in a portfolio that was, as at 30 September 2012, split regionally as shown in the chart on the left below, and across different investment types as shown on the right. We show in brackets for each region the current guideline allocations to each region that are in place for the Fund's portfolio.



Source: Partners

Changes to the geographical allocation and investment type within the portfolio over the quarter were marginal.

The exposure to Primary continues to be below the guidelines, but short-term deviation from the allocation restrictions in place can be expected at such an early stage of investment and we do not believe the current positioning to be of concern. In total, 50% of the commitments are allocated to primary investments.

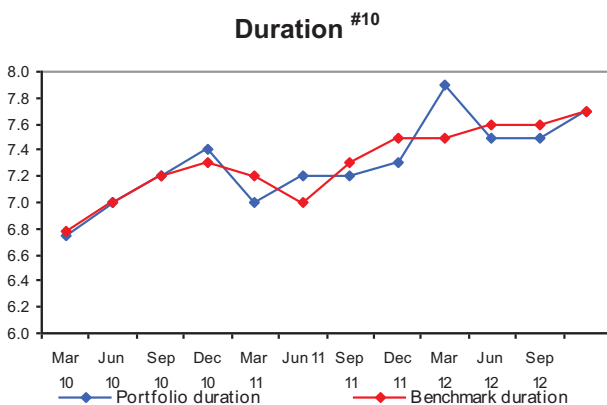
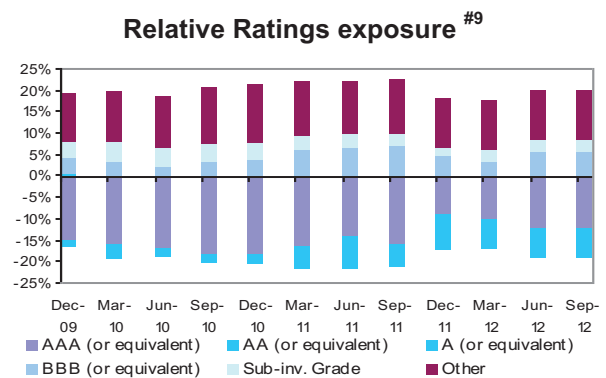
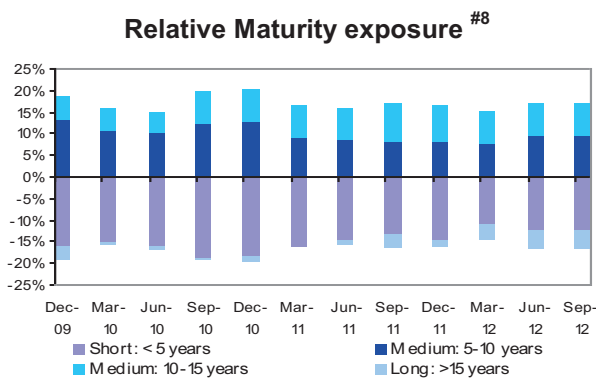
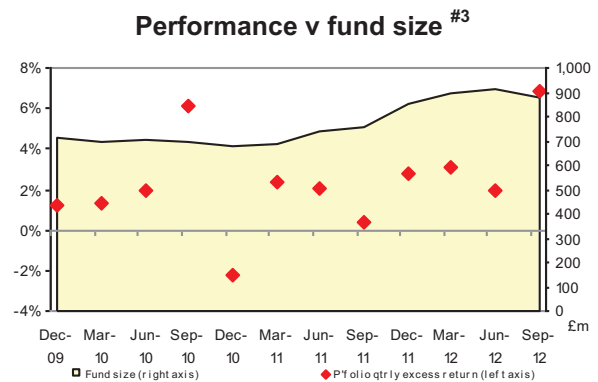
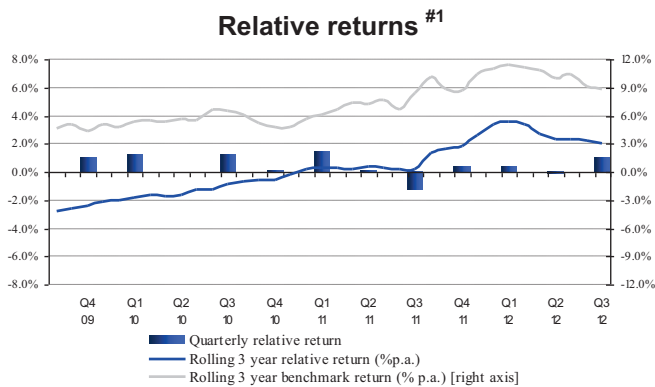
Performance over Q3 2012

Distributions since inception total £7.71m, with no distributions over the most recent quarter.

Performance of Partners is lagged by 1 quarter. Performance over Q2 2012 was positive, with the manager producing a return of 1.3%, which was ahead of the benchmark by 1.0%.

Royal London Asset Management – Fixed Interest

| Mandate | Benchmark | Outperformance target | Inception date |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| UK Corporate Bonds | iBoxx £ non-Gilts all maturities | +0.8% | July 2007 |
| Value (£'000) | % Fund Assets | Number of holdings | |
| £166,193 | 6.0 | 248 | |



Performance

| | 3 months (%) | 1 year (%) | 3 years (% p.a.) |
|-----------|--------------|------------|------------------|
| Fund | 6.9 | 15.3 | 10.9 |
| Benchmark | 5.7 | 13.4 | 8.9 |
| relative | +1.2 | +1.9 | +2.0 |

Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services, and RLAM

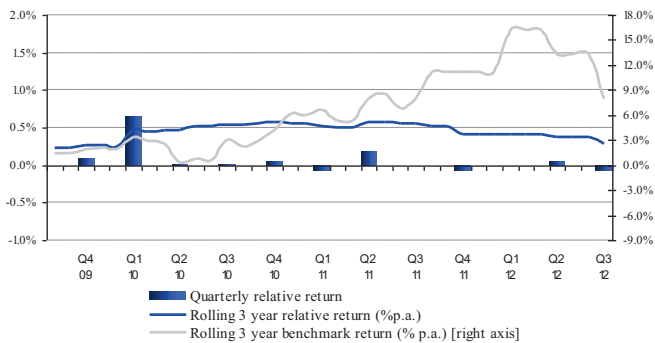
Comments:

- RLAM have maintained a consistent philosophy for some time - the Fund remains significantly underweight to AAA and to a lesser extent AA and A rated bonds, and overweight BBB and unrated bonds.
- Similarly, RLAM favour medium term maturity bonds.
- Performance relative to the benchmark may be volatile in the short term due to RLAM's allocation to unrated bonds. These investments are not necessarily riskier or "junk status" and RLAM place their own rating on the bonds using their own research.

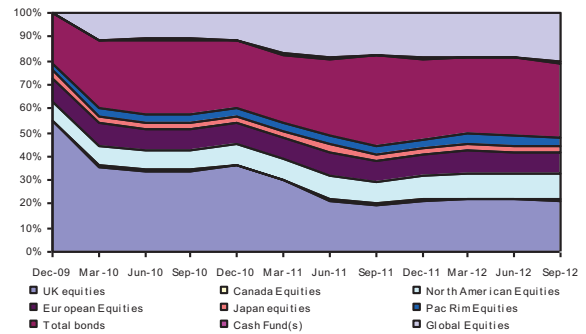
BlackRock – Passive Multi-Asset

| Mandate | Benchmark | Outperformance target | Inception date |
|---------------------|--|-----------------------|----------------|
| Passive multi-asset | In line with customised benchmarks using monthly mean fund weights | 0% | April 2003 |
| Value (£'000) | % Fund Assets | | |
| £1,271,197 | 45.5 | | |

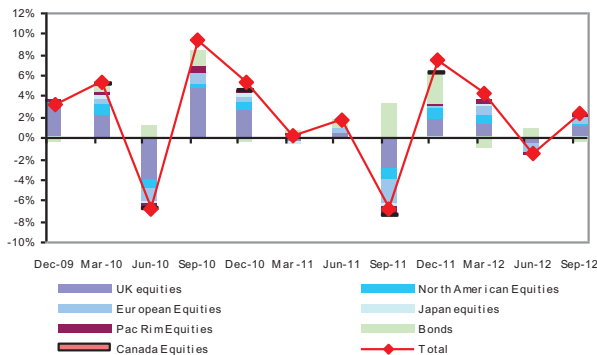
Relative returns #1



Asset Allocation #5



Contribution to absolute return #6



Performance

| | 3 months (%) | 1 year (%) | 3 years (% p.a.) |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Fund | 2.5 | 13.2 | 8.2 |
| Benchmark | 2.5 | 13.3 | 8.1 |
| relative | 0.0 | -0.1 | +0.1 |

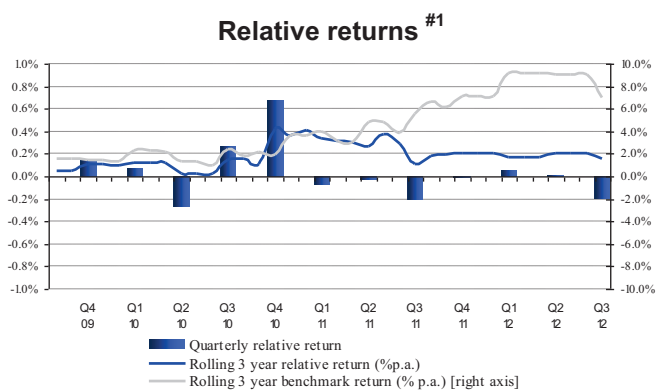
Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services, and BlackRock

Comments:

- Being a passive mandate, with a customised benchmark based on the monthly mean fund weights, there is nothing unusual arising in risk and performance.
- The magnitude of the relative volatility in the portfolio remains small.

BlackRock No.2 – Property account (“ring fenced” assets)

| Mandate | Benchmark | Outperformance target | Inception date |
|-------------------|---|-----------------------|----------------|
| Overseas property | Customised benchmarks using monthly mean fund weights | 0% | September 2009 |
| Value (£'000) | % Fund Assets | | |
| £66,102 | 2.4 | | |



Performance

| | 3 months (%) | 1 year (%) | 3 years (% p.a.) |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Fund | 1.6 | 11.4 | 7.1 |
| Benchmark | 1.8 | 11.5 | 7.1 |
| relative | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

Source: Data provided by WM Performance Services, and BlackRock

Comments:

- Commentary on the attribution of performance will be included in the final report, as details from Blackrock have not yet been received.

Appendix A – Market Events

| Asset Class | What Happened? | |
|-------------------|--|---|
| | Positive Factors | Negative Factors |
| UK Equities | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The UK Bank Rate was held at 0.5% over the quarter whilst QE measures were held at £375bn, providing some stability to markets. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The demise of JJB Sports, closely followed by Optical Express, although long expected in the former's case, is another indication that the UK economy is not out of the woods yet. |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CPI inflation remained within the Bank of England's target range over the quarter. The latest Office of National Statistics figure showed CPI at 2.2% in September. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unemployment was high through the quarter maintaining levels seen previously. |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The recession we have been experiencing has been marked by a lower-than-usual rate of insolvency amongst companies. Corporate profits held up well in large parts of the economy (ex the service sector), driven mainly by exports. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The latest Purchasing Managers Index (PMI) registered 52.2 as at August. This is above the 50.0 (no change) point and represents slightly increasing confidence in the economic situation. |
| Overseas Equities | | |
| North America | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> US GDP growth remained in positive territory over the quarter. It is currently stated at 1.3% for Q2 2012 down from the initial estimates of 1.7%. US unemployment fell to its lowest level since January 2009 over Q3. The percentage of US unemployment is now 7.8% down from 8.1% last quarter. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Companies are likely to remain cautious in their spending and hiring decisions ahead of the upcoming US election and potential 'fiscal cliff' through the simultaneous expiry of tax cuts and imposition of spending cuts in 2013 that could occur. |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The US Fed launched QE3 (even QE3+) during the quarter. This latest programme consists of the Fed promising to purchase \$40bn of assets each month until the labour market significantly improves. This provided a welcome boost for markets towards the end of the quarter. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The likely Presidential election outcome has reached a new peak of uncertainty with the first of the televised debates. These have proved to be a source of worry for markets. |

| Asset Class | What Happened? | |
|------------------|---|--|
| | Positive Factors | Negative Factors |
| Europe | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The ECB maintained interest rates over the quarter and announced a series of asset purchases over the quarter in an attempt to provide liquidity and increase confidence in markets. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unemployment remains high - particularly in peripheral Eurozone countries as austerity measures impact on confidence. Some areas are seeing unemployment in certain sections of the population in excess of 50%. |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> These increased bailout funds are seen as proof of the political class's commitment to the Euro. Despite the recent 'relief' rally on the back of Mario Draghi's comments, equity markets are still a long way from their previous highs. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Spanish debt costs rose with investor confidence declining as investors doubted Spain's ability to repay its debt. Civil unrest on the street of major Spanish cities increased as austerity budgets continued to reduce the population's standard of living. |
| Japan | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Valuations still look cheap relative to the rest of the region, particularly as the rebuilding work continues. However, performance has been stymied in Sterling terms as a result of exchange rate movements. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Politics in both China and Japan seem to have helped escalate the long running dispute over the Senkaku Islands, enough to spook investors. China is a very important market for Japan, both as a customer and as a base for manufacture. Exports to China are now higher than to the USA and recent protests are undermining investor confidence. |
| Asia Pacific | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Most central banks held their interest rate strategy, helping market confidence. The exceptions were as in Q2, with cuts in Australia as they expect more challenging times ahead and in China, which is trying to stimulate growth. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Asian Equities have largely moved sideways in recent months, weighed down by concerns over Europe (and the effect on exports) and, more significantly, China, where the economic outlook has worsened. |
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In China manufacturing data has fallen to a nine-month low. The economic slowdown in China is being complicated by the leadership transition in early November, already providing much negative publicity. |
| Emerging Markets | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Global Emerging Markets have had a volatile quarter. The weak global economy provides major headwinds to growth in the developing world. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stagnant commodity prices but rising food prices are also a concern in the short term. |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Although Global Emerging Markets experienced slower GDP growth over the quarter, this was still significantly higher than that experienced by the developed markets. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Political instability is the main investor concern at present with the political leadership of China changing and the continued uncertainties in the middle eastern regions proving a drag to growth. |

| Asset Class | What Happened? | |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| | Positive Factors | Negative Factors |
| <i>Gilts</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In a repeat of Q2 the demand for Gilts has proved resilient. Government bond yields remain at near record lows, as the UK continued its 'safe haven' status among sovereign debt issuers. However expensive Gilts may look, until the European Debt crisis is resolved, this situation may continue. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CPI inflation remained within the Bank of England's target range over the quarter. The latest Office of National Statistics figure showed CPI at 2.2% in September. The recent German Constitutional Court judgement appeared to take some risk off the table for markets however, there is still a high degree of uncertainty surrounding this asset class and the 10 year+ remains particularly vulnerable to market shocks. |
| <i>Index Linked Gilts</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Demand for Index Linked Gilts remains as limited supply supports the price and investors continue to seek protection against inflation. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Yields turned slightly positive in Q3. With a review underway by the Office of National Statistics into the calculation of RPI, markets seem to have assumed that the calculation basis will change to bring RPI closer to CPI. |
| <i>Corporate Bonds</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sterling Corporate Bonds had high positive returns. Markets also approved of the Eurozone's efforts to support the sovereign bond markets. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Corporate Bond Market is currently suffering from a lack of liquidity meaning that trading is becoming more difficult. |
| <i>Property</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tier 1 prime assets continue to outperform secondary and tertiary properties, as they have done throughout 2012. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The well established trend of overall void levels increasing in tandem with the lowering of capital values as well as falling rental yields continued through Q3. |

Economic statistics

| | Quarter to 30 September 2012 | | | Year to 30 September 2012 | | |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | UK | Europe ⁽¹⁾ | US | UK | Europe ⁽¹⁾ | US |
| Real GDP growth | 1.0% | n/a | 0.5% | 0.0% | n/a | 2.3% |
| Unemployment rate | 7.9% | 10.7% ⁽⁴⁾ | 7.8% | 7.9% | 10.7% ⁽⁴⁾ | 7.8% |
| Previous | 8.1% | 10.6% ^(u) | 8.2% | 8.1% | 9.7% | 9.0% ^(u) |
| Inflation change ⁽²⁾ | 1.0% | 0.6% | 0.8% | 2.2% | 2.6% | 2.0% |
| Manufacturing Purchasing Managers' Index | 48.4 | 46.1 | 51.5 | 48.4 | 46.1 | 51.5 |
| Previous | 48.4 | 45.1 | 49.7 | 51.1 | 48.5 | 50.8 |
| Quantitative Easing / LTRO ⁽³⁾ | £375bn | €1,018bn | \$2,694bn | £375bn | €1,018bn | \$2,694bn |
| Previous | £325bn | €1,018bn | \$2,654bn | £200bn | €0bn | \$2,654bn |

Source: Thomson Reuters, market, Institute for Supply Management, Eurostat, United States Department of Labor, US Bureau of Economic Analysis. All figures to 30 September 2012 unless otherwise stated. "Previous" relates to data as at the previous quarter or year end.

(1) 15 Country Euro area; (2) CPI inflation measure; (3) Refers to amounts announced and therefore ignores changes due to debt maturing. LTRO refers to the European Central Bank's Long Term Refinancing Operation; (4) As at August 2012; (u) Updated since our previous reports.

Appendix B – Glossary of Terms

| Term | Definition |
|---------------------------|---|
| Absolute Return | The actual return, as opposed to the return relative to a benchmark. |
| Annualised | Figures expressed as applying to 1 year. |
| Bond Assets | Assets held in the expectation that they will exhibit a degree of sensitivity to yield changes. The value of a benefit payable to a pensioner is often calculated assuming the invested assets in respect of those liabilities achieve a return based on UK bonds. |
| Growth Assets | Assets held in the expectation that they will achieve more than the return on UK bonds. The value of a benefit payable to a non-pensioner is often calculated assuming the invested assets in respect of those liabilities achieve a return based on UK bonds plus a premium (for example, if holding equities an equity risk premium may be applied). The liabilities will still remain sensitive to yields although the Growth assets may not. |
| Duration | The weighted average time to payment of cashflows (in years), calculated by reference to the time and amount of each payment. It is a measure of the sensitivity of price/value to movements in yields. |
| Funded Liabilities | The value of benefits payable to members that can be paid from the existing assets of the plan (i.e. those liabilities that have assets available to meet them). |
| High Yield | A type of bond which has a lower credit rating than traditional investment grade corporate bonds or government bonds. These bonds pay a higher yield than investment grade bonds. |
| Market Statistics Indices | <p>The following indices are used for asset returns:</p> <p>UK Equities: FTSE All-Share Index</p> <p>Overseas Equities: FTSE AW All-World ex UK</p> <p>UK Gilts (>15 yrs or >20 yrs): FTSE Brit Govt Fixed Over 15 (or 20) Years Index</p> <p>Corporate Bonds(>15 yrs AA): iBoxx £ Corp 15+ Years AA Index</p> <p>Non-Gilts (>15 yrs): iBoxx £ Non-Gilts 15+ Years Index</p> <p>Index Linked Gilts (>5yrs): FTSE Brit Govt Index Link Over 5 Years Index</p> <p>Hedge Funds: CS/Tremont Hedge Fund Index</p> <p>Commodities: S&P GSCI Commodity GBP Total Return Index</p> <p>High Yield: Bank Of America Merrill Lynch Global High Yield Index</p> <p>Property: IPD Property Index (Monthly)</p> <p>Cash: 7 day London Interbank Middle Rate</p> <p>Price Inflation: All Items Retail Price Index</p> <p>Earnings Inflation: UK Average Weekly Earnings Index - Whole Economy excluding Bonuses</p> |
| Market Volatility | The impact of the assets producing returns different to those assumed within the actuarial valuation basis, excluding the yield change and inflation impact. |

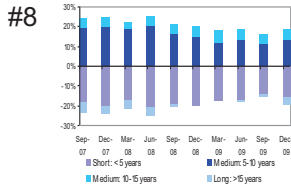
| Term | Definition |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Mercer Gilt Yield | An estimate of the yield available on a notional portfolio of UK Government conventional gilt stocks whose cashflows approximately match the Fund's estimated benefit cashflows |
| Money-Weighted Rate of Return | The rate of return on an investment including the amount and timing of cashflows. |
| Non-Pensioner Liability | The value of benefits payable to those who are yet to retire, including active and deferred members. |
| Pensioner Liability | The value of benefits payable to those who have already retired, irrespective of their age. |
| Relative Return | The return on a fund compared to the return on another fund, index or benchmark. For IMAGE purposes this is defined as: Return on Fund less Return on Index or Benchmark. |
| Scheme Investments | Refers only to the invested assets, including cash, held by your investment managers. |
| Surplus/Deficit | The estimated funding position of the Scheme. This is not an actuarial valuation and is based on estimated changes in liabilities as a result of bond yield changes, asset movements and, if carried out, output from an asset liability investigation (ALI). If no ALI has been undertaken the estimate is less robust. |
| Three-Year Return | The total return on the fund over a three year period expressed in percent per annum. |
| Time-Weighted Rate of Return | The rate of return on an investment removing the effect of the amount and timing of cashflows. |
| Unfunded Liabilities | The value of benefits payable to members that cannot be paid from the existing assets of the Scheme (i.e. those liabilities that have no physical assets available to meet them). These liabilities are effectively the deficit of the Scheme. |
| Yield (Gross Redemption Yield) | The return expected from a bond if held to maturity. It is calculated by finding the rate of return that equates the current market price to the value of future cashflows. |

Appendix C – Glossary of Charts

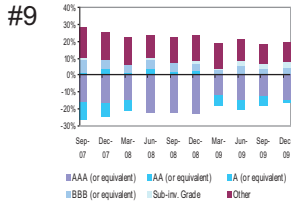
The following provides a description of the charts used in Section 5 and a brief description of their interpretation.

| Reference | Description |
|-----------|---|
| <p>#1</p> | <p>This chart shows the quarterly relative return (blue bars) and rolling 3 year relative return (blue line) for the manager over 3 years/since inception. This shows the ability of the manager to achieve and outperform the benchmark over the medium term. The rolling 3 year benchmark absolute return (grey line) is overlaid to provide a context for relative performance, e.g. consistent underperformance in a falling market.</p> |
| <p>#2</p> | <p>This chart shows the relative monthly returns for 3 years/since inception. It shows the level of fluctuation about the zero axis, i.e. the level of volatility of monthly returns and any tendency for positive or negative returns. The dotted lines show the standard deviation of returns over 1 year periods - this is a standard measure of risk which shows the magnitude of fluctuations of monthly returns. Under common assumptions, being within the inside dotted lines (i.e. 1 standard deviation) is roughly likely to occur 2/3rds of the time, while being within the outside lines is roughly likely to occur 1 in 20 times (i.e. 2 standard deviation - which is considered unlikely).</p> |
| <p>#4</p> | <p>This chart shows the 3 year annualised tracking error (this is the standard deviation of returns which shows the magnitude of the fund returns compared to the benchmark) and the 3 year information ratio (this is the excess return divided by the tracking error). If tracking error increases, the risk taken away from the benchmark increases, and we would expect an increase in the excess return over time (albeit more variable). The turnover is provided to show if any increase in risk is reflected in an increase in the level of active management, i.e. purchases/sales in the portfolio.</p> |
| <p>#5</p> | <p>This chart shows the absolute asset allocation or hedge fund strategy allocation over time. This helps to identify any significant change or trends over time in allocation to particular asset allocations/hedge fund strategies.</p> |
| <p>#6</p> | <p>These charts show the breakdown of the return provided by each of the different hedge fund strategies or asset classes over time - this provides a profile of where the returns come from, and should be compared with the volatility chart above to see if risk taken is being rewarded accordingly. The total portfolio return is also shown.</p> |
| <p>#7</p> | <p>This chart plots the quarterly returns of the fund against quarterly returns of various indices. Any plots on the diagonal line represent the fund and the index achieving the same quarterly return - any below the line represents underperformance relative to the index, above the line represents outperformance. This is to highlight any apparent correlation between the fund returns and any particular index. If a fund is used as a diversifier from, say equities, we would expect to see a lack of returns plotted close to the</p> |

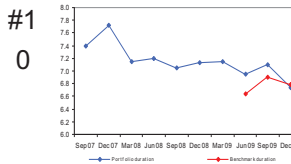
diagonal line.



This chart shows the holding in short, medium and long maturity bonds relative to the benchmark. Over/underweight positions expose the fund to changes in the yield curve at different terms.



This chart shows the holding in bonds with different credit ratings. AAA is the highest grading (usually for government or supranational organisation bonds) while below BBB is sub-investment grade and has a considerably higher risk of default. The lower the grade the higher the risk and therefore the higher the return expected on the bond.



This chart shows the duration of the fund against the benchmark duration. It shows whether the fixed interest fund manager is taking duration bets against the benchmark.

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Appendix D – Summary of Mandates

| Manager | Mandate | Benchmark | Outperformance target (p.a.) |
|------------------|---|--|------------------------------|
| Jupiter | UK Equities (Socially Responsible Investing) | FTSE All Share | +2% |
| TT International | UK Equities (Unconstrained) | FTSE All Share | +3-4% |
| Invesco | Global ex-UK Equities Enhanced (En. Indexation) | MSCI World ex UK NDR | +0.5% |
| Schroder | Global Equities (Unconstrained) | MSCI AC World Index Free | +3.5-4.5% |
| SSgA | Europe ex-UK Equities (Enhanced Indexation) | FTSE AW Europe ex UK | +0.5% |
| SSgA | Pacific inc. Japan Equities (Enhanced Indexation) | FTSE AW Dev Asia Pacific | +0.5% |
| Genesis | Emerging Market Equities | MSCI EM IMI TR | - |
| Lyster Watson | Fund of Hedge Funds | 3M LIBOR + 4% | - |
| MAN | Fund of Hedge Funds | 3M LIBOR + 5.75% | - |
| Signet | Fund of Hedge Funds | 3M LIBOR + 3% | - |
| Stenham | Fund of Hedge Funds | 3M LIBOR + 3% | - |
| Gottex | Fund of Hedge Funds | 3M LIBOR + 3% | - |
| BlackRock | Passive Multi-asset | In line with customised benchmarks using monthly mean fund weights | 0% |
| BlackRock | Overseas Property | Customised benchmarks using monthly mean fund weights | 0% |
| RLAM | UK Corporate Bond Fund | iBoxx £ non-Gilts all maturities | +0.8% |
| Schroder | UK Property | IPD UK pooled | +1.0% |
| Partners | Global Property | IPD Global pooled | +2.0% |
| Cash | Internally Managed | 7 day LIBID | |

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| Bath & North East Somerset Council | | |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| MEETING: | AVON PENSION FUND INVESTMENT PANEL | |
| MEETING DATE: | 14 NOVEMBER 2012 | AGENDA ITEM NUMBER 9 |
| TITLE: | WORKPLAN | |
| WARD: | ALL | |
| AN OPEN PUBLIC ITEM | | |
| List of attachments to this report: Nil | | |

1 THE ISSUE

- 1.1 This report sets out the workplan for the Panel to June 2013. The workplan is provisional as will respond to issues as they arise and work delegated from the Committee. Projects arising from the Review of the Investment Strategy may be delegated to the Panel in 2013.
- 1.2 The workplan will be updated for each Panel meeting.

2 RECOMMENDATION

- 2.1 **That the Panel agrees the workplan to be recommended to the Committee.**

3 FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

3.1 There are no financial implications arising from this report.

4 PROVISIONAL WORKPLAN

4.1 The provisional workplan is as follows:

| Panel meeting / workshop | Proposed reports | Outcome |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| 14 Nov 2012 Meeting and workshop | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Review mangers performance to Sept 2012• Meet the managers workshop (TT, Partners) | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Agree any recommendations to Committee |
| 22 Feb 2012 Meeting and workshop | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Review mangers performance to Dec 2012• Meet the managers workshop (Schroder Equity, Man) | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Agree any recommendations to Committee |
| Q2 2013 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Review mangers performance to Mar 2012• Meet the managers workshop (Managers to be confirmed) | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Agree any recommendations to Committee |

4.2 The Panel's workplan will be included in the regular committee report setting out the committee's and pensions section workplans. This will enable the Committee to approve or alter the planned work of the Panel.

5 RISK MANAGEMENT

5.1 The Avon Pension Fund Committee is the formal decision-making body for the Fund. As such it has responsibility to ensure adequate risk management processes are in place. It discharges this responsibility by ensuring the Fund has an appropriate investment strategy and investment management structure in place that is regularly monitored. The creation of an Investment Panel further strengthens the governance of investment matters and contributes to reduced risk in these areas.

6 EQUALITIES

6.1 An equalities impact assessment is not necessary as the report contains only recommendations to note.

7 CONSULTATION

7.1 N/a

8 ISSUES TO CONSIDER IN REACHING THE DECISION

8.1 This report is for information only.

9 ADVICE SOUGHT

9.1 The Council's Monitoring Officer (Divisional Director – Legal and Democratic Services) and Section 151 Officer (Divisional Director - Finance) have had the opportunity to input to this report and have cleared it for publication.

| | |
|--|--|
| Contact person | Liz Woodyard, Investments Manager 01225 395306 |
| Background papers | |
| Please contact the report author if you need to access this report in an alternative format | |

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